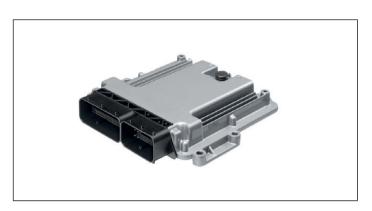
RE 95204/2022-03-01 Replaces: 2021-10-15



BODAS Controller RC Serie 30 RC28-14, RC20-10, RC12-10



► For closed- and open-loop control of hydraulic components

Features

- ► High performance thanks to ultra-modern 32-TriCore technology with 180 MHz
- ► Component of BODAS system for mobile applications
- ► Robust design meeting specifications for mobile applications
- ► High electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
- ▶ Inputs and outputs with fault detection
- ► Central deactivation of all outputs
- ► Pulse-width-modulated (PWM) solenoid currents for minimum hysteresis
- ► Closed-loop control of solenoid currents, i.e., not dependent on voltage and temperature

Main components

- ▶ Watchdog processor for program run monitoring
- ► Hardware-based RAM memory supervision
- ► CPU-internal Flash with ECC error-correcting code
- Three independent sensor power supplies
- ► Four independent CAN bus interfaces
- ► Two-channel stop function

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RC Serie 30 | BODAS Controller Ordering code

Ordering code

01	02		03
RC		/	30

Type

2

	01	BODAS controller	RC
•			

versio	version				
02	1st number: number of proportional outputs	28-14			
	2nd number: number of switched outputs	20-10			
		12-10			

Series

03 Series 3, index 0 30

Notes:

- ▶ The BODAS controllers are not functional without
- ▶ In order to use the BODAS controllers, you also need:
 - BODAS standard software or
 - application-specific software
- ▶ If there is a sample label on the name plate, it is a prototype or sample, i.e., components not released for serial production.

Possible sample labels are:

- SC: A
- SC: B
- SC: C
- SC: S (Software prototypes)

Optional accessories

▶ BODAS-design software

The windows-based BODAS-design PC software (data sheet 95112) is used for programming the BODAS RC controllers. All graphical and textual programming languages specified according to IEC 61131-3 are available for the programming.

BODAS-service software

The windows-based BODAS-service PC software (data sheet 95086) is used for displaying functions, errors and system variables as well as for setting parameters via a PC.

C programming interface C-API

The C-API (data sheet 95115) programming interface is used for programming the BODAS RC controllers in the C programming language. All required functions that are needed for the configuration and the reading of the inputs, the control of the outputs, the use of the communication interfaces and the creation of the diagnostics information for BODAS-service are available to the user.

Additionally, the user needs a C-compiler, with which the created program is translated into a machine code that is readable for the BODAS controller.

▶ BODAS MA6 measuring adapter

The BODAS MA6 measuring adapter (data sheet 95090) facilitates measuring all electrical signals at the inputs, outputs and interfaces of the BODAS controller. For testing purposes, it is connected in series between the control unit and the vehicle or device wiring.

▶ BODAS TB3 test box(2 pieces) and adapter kit (1 piece)

The BODAS TB3 test box (data sheet 95092) is used for simulation of vehicle and device functions for development and testing purposes with BODAS controllers. The BODAS TB3 test boxes are connected to the control unit via the adapter TAK4/10.

All products mentioned here are available from Bosch Rexroth. Further information can be found on the internet at: www.boschrexroth.com/mobile-electronics

Description

These BODAS controllers RC are designed as universal central control units for complex mobile working machines. Thanks to the ultra-modern 32-bit TriCore technology, a clock frequency of 180 MHz and parallel processing, these control units push into completely new performance dimensions that were previously reserved for larger PLC systems. The fields of application extend from the programmable control of proportional solenoids and additional switching functions to travel drives and transmission control as well as coordination of highly complex control circuits in mobile working machines. With 75 input channels, up to 42 output stages, four voltage outputs (25% * $V_{\rm bat}$ to 75% * $V_{\rm bat}$), an additional analog output (4 to 20 mA) as well as four CAN buses for communication in the vehicle, these control units provide a high-performance platform for all functions of mobile working machines.

Internally, the series 30 BODAS RC controllers contain a high performance 32-bit TriCore microprocessor and all input and output circuits. Analog voltages in the range from 0 to 10 V and 0 to 32 V, currents from 0 to 20 mA, frequencies from 0 to 10 kHz and switching information are processed as input signals. In addition, these control units offer special inputs for intelligent Bosch Rexroth sensors, such as the DSM1-10 speed sensor with integrated diagnostics function or resistor inputs from 10 to 2000 Ω , for example for the direct connection of temperature sensors. The inputs are protected against overvoltage and electrical interference. The voltage inputs can be monitored to detect any cable breaks or short circuits. The current-controlled proportional solenoid outputs are pulse-width-modulated (PWM) and are compensated for fluctuating temperature and voltage for high accuracy and minimum hysteresis. They are optimally harmonized with the electrical proportional control of the axial piston units and valves of Bosch Rexroth. The switching outputs are designed for direct switching of relays and switching solenoids. Moreover, the outputs have integrated voltage and current monitoring.

CAN-bus interfaces are included in all BODAS RC controllers for exchanging data with other bus users or electronic systems (e.g. RC, joystick, diesel engine injection, display). Each of the four independent CAN bus interfaces can be operated using different protocols. Communication with the BODAS-design and BODAS-service software is likewise done via CAN bus and is based on the Standard Key Word Protocol 2000 (KWP 2000).

Simple and flexible programming of the BODAS controller according to the industry standard IEC 61131-3, which enables a very convenient and rapid introduction to the programming of the controller, is possible with the BODAS-design software. Comprehensive and complex applications can be conveniently developed and clearly represented with BODAS-design.

An application interface in the form of a C-API interface is available for the development of the full performance capability of these BODAS controllers when the C programming language is used. By using the C-API, the software developer can concentrate on the important functions of his machine without having to become immersed in the details of the TriCore technology.

With the BODAS-service software, the programs can be quickly and easily downloaded to the control unit via the Flash module. Extensive service functions, such as diagnostics, parameter setting or display of process variables, are available via the graphical Windows interface of BODAS-service. This allows simple parameter setting and diagnostics in order to place the machine in service quickly and safely.

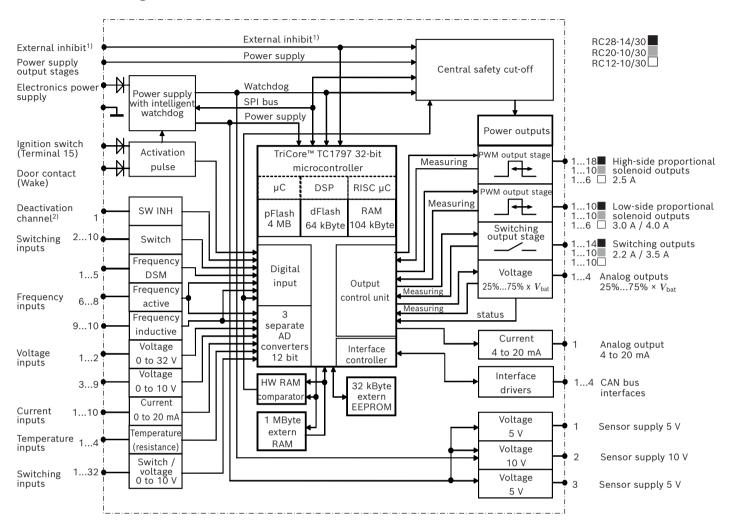
The BODAS RC controllers were developed specifically for use in mobile working machines and satisfy corresponding protection requirements regarding ambient temperatures, water and dust ingression, shock and vibration as well as electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).

BODAS RC controllers and corresponding software in combination with pumps, motors, valves, sensors, input devices and actuators from Bosch Rexroth make for complete system solutions.

Safety-relevant project planning instructions (95451-01-B for EN ISO 13849 and 95452-01-B for ISO 25119) have to be observed for the planning and implementation of safety functions and the two-channel stop function. These are available from Bosch Rexroth on request.

4 **RC Serie 30** | BODAS Controller Block circuit diagram

Block circuit diagram



- 1) Input that is independent of the microcontroller, for the central enabling/deactivation of the power outputs.
- $_{
 m 2)}$ Input for the central enabling/deactivation of the power outputs.

Abbreviations		
μC	microcontroller	
DSP	digital signal processor	
RISC	reduced instruction set computer	

Footnotes for page 5

- 1) Exception: GND, GND sensor, constant voltage sources and temperature inputs to battery.
- 2) Max. total current per group: 5 A
- 3) Sensor voltage inputs are raised when there is a short circuit to battery. A correct reading of sensor signals is no longer ensured. Connected sensors may be damaged.
- 4) Line protection. The wiring has to be rated according to the fuse protection.
- 5) Some functions do not comply fully with the respective specification at supply voltage < 11 V. See also overview of functions.

5

Technical data

Controllers RC		28-14	20-10	12-1
Nominal voltage	12 and 24 V		•	
Residual ripple (DIN 40839, part 1)	max. ±2 V		•	
Supply voltage, permissible range	8 to 32 V		(●) ⁵⁾	
Current consumption				
standby, in the 12 V vehicle electrical system	380 mA		•	
standby, in the 24 V vehicle electrical system	290 mA		•	
loaded, in the 12 V vehicle electrical system	max. 40 A		•	
loaded, in the 24 V vehicle electrical system	max. 40 A		•	
Fuses				
internal:			_	
external: in the supply path ⁴⁾	5 A (electronics), maximum 35 A (power outputs)		•	
Controllers enabling pin	Terminal 15 / Wake		•	
Constant voltage sources ³⁾	·			
e.g. for setpoint potentiometer				
150 mA	5 V ± 150 mV		•	
250 mA	5 V ± 250 mV		•	
1000 mA	10 V ± 500 mV		•	
Digital inputs			9	
			32	
Digital voltage inputs, diagnostics capable	0.1-10.1/			
Analog voltage inputs, pulldown	0 to 10 V		7	
	0 to 32 V		2	
Analog current inputs, diagnostics capable	0 to 20 mA		10	
Resistor inputs	40.4.0000.0			
e.g. for temperature sensors resistance measuring range	10 to 2000 Ω		4	
Frequency inputs total			10	
DSM	0 to 9 kHz		5	
	Level: 7 mA/14 mA			
Inductive sensors	0 to 10 kHz, Level: > 1 V _{RMS}		2	
Active sensors	500 Hz to 10 kHz		3	
	level low: < 1 V			
	level high: > 4 V			
Analog signal outputs total			5	
for 200 Ω load (ohmic resistance)	4 to 20 mA		1	
for 150 Ω load (ohmic resistance)	0 V (off), 0.1 to 5.0 V			
for 12 $k\Omega$ load (ohmic resistance)	0 V (off), 0% * V _{bat} to 90% * V _{bat}		4	
D	(typically 25% * V _{bat} to 75% * V _{bat})	20	20	
Proportional solenoid outputs (PWM) total	0 +- 0 5 4	28	20	12
High side current range	0 to 2.5 A	18	10	6
Pulsation frequency	0; 50 to 250 Hz			4
Low side current range	0 to 3.0 A	8	8	4
Dulantian fraguency	0 to 4.0 A	2	2	2
Pulsation frequency	0; 50 to 250 Hz and 1000 Hz	4.4	10	
Digital output stages total	may 2.2 A	14	10	10
High side current range	max. 2.2 A	10	6	6
High side current range	max. 3.5 A ²⁾	4	4	4
Interfaces			4	
CAN 2.0 B, ISO 11898				
Fault detection in the event of cable break and short circui	t			
Analog inputs			•	
Proportional solenoid outputs			•	
		1		
Switching solenoid outputs Short circuit resistance when energized			•	

See page 4 for footnotes

RC Serie 30 | BODAS Controller Block circuit diagram

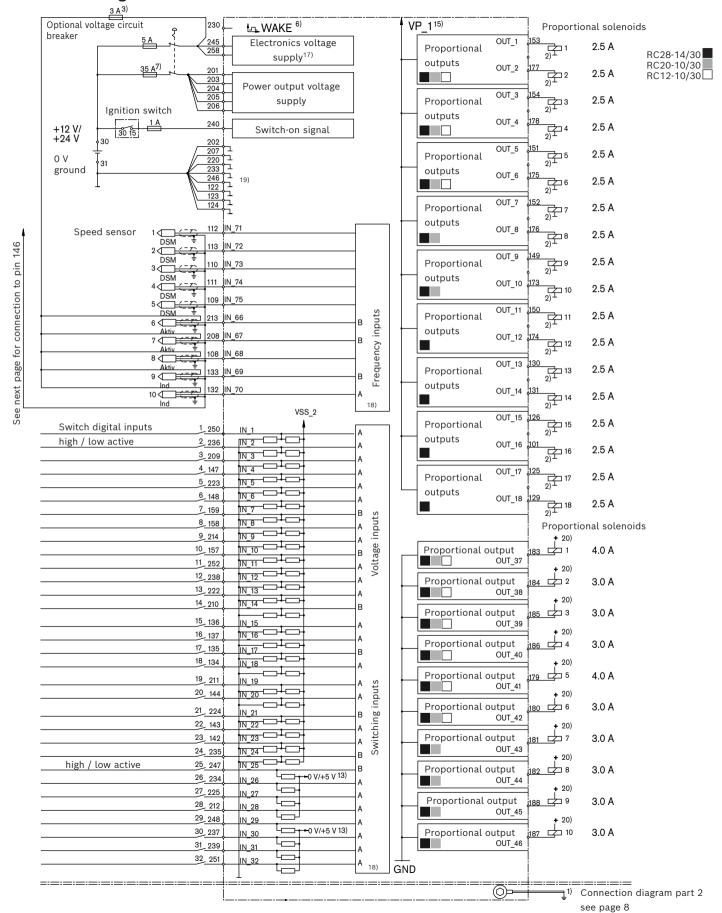
Controllers RC		28-14 20-	10 12-1
Reverse polarity protection ¹⁾			
Power supply/battery		-	-
Microcontroller		SAK-1	C1797
Clock frequency	MHz	18	30
Memory capacities			
RAM	MByte		1
Flash EPROM	MByte	4	4
EEPROM	kByte	3	2
Software installation			_
Download to flash memory		·	
Electromagnetic compatibility ³⁾			
Spurious interference (ISO 11452-2)	150 V _{RMS} /m	•	
Spurious interference (ISO 11452-5)	200 V _{RMS} /m	•	
Electrostatic discharge ESD (according to ISO 10605)			
Out of service	8 kV		•
In service	15 kV		•
Max. power dissipation			
Electronics	W at 32 V	8	.5
Output stages	W at 32 V	6	0
Operating temperature, housing			
with mounting point on cooling surface	-40 °C to +85 °C		•
	(-40 °C to +185 °F)		
Maximum temperature of the cooling surface	+60 °C (140 °F)		
Storage temperature, housing	Maximum permissible housing temperature in the		
	short-term passive:		
	-40 °C to +105 °C (-40 °C to +221 °F)		
Vibration resistance			
Broadband noise vibration	34 m/s ² , 10 to 1000 Hz,		
(ISO 16750-3)	32 h per axis		
	10 Hz: 18 (m/s²)²/Hz		
	20 Hz: 36 (m/s ²) ² /Hz	•	
	30 Hz: 36 (m/s ²) ² /Hz		
	180 Hz: 1 (m/s²)²/Hz 2000 Hz: 1 (m/s²)²/Hz		
Shock resistance	$a = 400 \text{ m/s}^2; t = 6 \text{ ms}$		
	$u = 400 \text{ m/s}^{-1}$; $t = 6 \text{ ms}$ per spatial axis x, y, z and in each direction		
Transport shock (IEC 60068-2-27)	(pos./neg.)		
Moisture resistance	95% (25 °C to +55 °C)		
(IEC 60068-2-30Db; variant 2)	35 /0 (23 C 10 +33 C)		•
Salt spray resistance	4x 2 h salt spray (5% NaCl)		
(IEC 60068-2-52, test Kb)	22 h at 40 °C/93% rF constant environment		•
•	72 h at storage room temperature		
IP rating (DIN EN 60529) ²⁾ with assembled mating connector	·		•
Housing material Cover:	Diecast aluminum		
Base:	Deep-drawing aluminum	'	
Weight	approx. kg	1.0	kg
Outer dimensions	Length (in mm)		4.5
	Width (in mm)		03
	Height (in mm)).5
Mating connector	96-pin		7.5 1
MALLIE COMMECTOR	20-011	1	1

¹⁾ The external fuse can serve as reverse polarity protection.

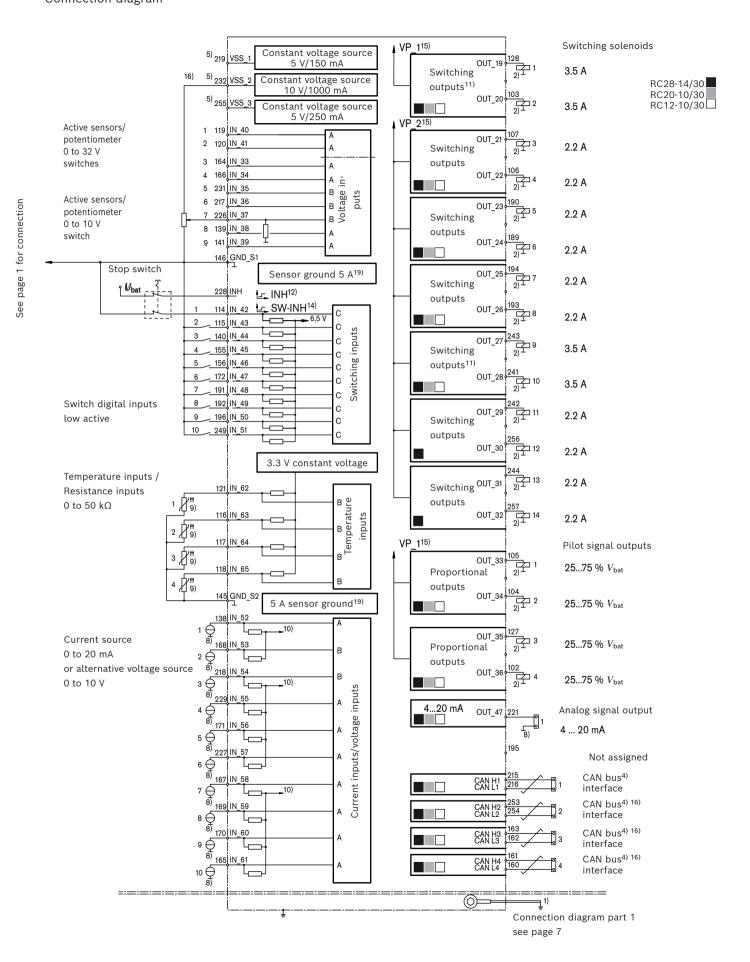
 $^{^{2)}}$ While following installation instructions.

 $_{\mbox{\footnotesize 3)}}$ Up to 500 kBaud when using the CAN interfaces.

Connection diagram



RC Serie 30 | BODAS Controller Connection diagram



Footnotes for pages 7 and 8

- Short, low-resistance connection from a housing screw to the vehicle ground.
- 2) Independent ground connection to battery (via chassis possible).
- 3) Separate fuse required for switches and sensors. Sensor supply application specific.
- 4) CAN bus: $120~\Omega$ termination resistor and twisted pair wire required.
- 5) 5 V/10 V outputs can also be used as sensor supply.
- 6) Temporary wake up of the control unit when a signal > 8 V is applied for more than 1 sec.
- 7) Note max. current consumption with simultaneous actuation of proportional solenoids and switching outputs.
- 8) Separate ground connection for current source to the battery, control unit GND possible
- 9) Can be used as switching inputs if externally switched to GND.
- 10) For use as voltage inputs (0 to 10 V), the internal ohmic resistance can be switched by the software in groups for these inputs.
 - Groups: inputs 1 to 2, inputs 3 to 6, inputs 7 to 10.
- 11) Outputs arranged in groups with 2 output stages each. Maximum permissible output current per group: 5 A
- 12) Primary deactivation channel for proportional and switch outputs: enabling with level > 4.5 V, deactivation with level < 1 V, cable break leads to deactivation.

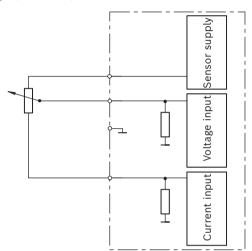
- 13) Input groups may be switched to pull down or pull up in software.
- 14) Secondary deactivation channel for proportional and switch outputs:
 - enabling with level < 0.7 V, deactivation with level > 2 V, cable break leads to deactivation.
- 15) Supply can be switched by the software.
- 16) Shuts off on response from watchdog. Temporarily interrupted for diagnostic purposes when turning on the main switch for the first time.
- 17) If disabled during operation, data will not be saved to the non-volatile memory and there will be no after-run.
- 18) A, B and C indicate different A/D converters which may be selected for redundancy reasons.
- 19) Terminal 31 (supply ground) and sensor ground are bridged at a star point in the control unit and connected to the housing.
- 20) Loads on low-side outputs should be supplied by high-side outputs so that they can also be disabled in the event of a short circuit to ground. See "Safety outputs" in the API manual. If this is not possible, the power must be routed through a relay switched via Terminal 15. In this case, the lines must be equipped with fuses. Connecting directly to Terminal 30 is not permitted.

Connection variants

Monitored potentiometer 2.5 to 5 $k\Omega$

Fault monitoring of the potentiometer

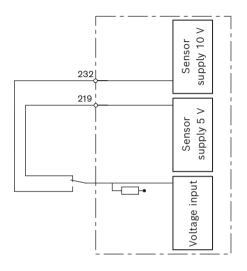
- ► Internal measurements of the sensor supply voltage (5 V)
- ► Connection of the potentiometer to a current input, via which the current of the potentiometer is checked.
- ► Checking the loop voltage. It must be within a valid range (software).



Switching input with fault detection

Fault monitoring of the switching inputs

- ▶ Switching of the input voltage between 10 V and 5 V
- ► Reading the switching level and checking the valid range (software)



Overview of functions

Pin	Description	Main function	Alternative functions
250, 236, 209, 147, 223, 148, 159, 158, 214, 157, 252, 238, 222, 210, 136, 137, 135, 134, 211, 144, 224, 143, 142, 235	Digital input IN_1 to IN_24 15 kΩ pull-up resistance to VSS_2 sensor supply and 5.6 kΩ pull-down resistance to ground	Digital input Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 10 V) Externally switchable to GND, VSS_x or $V_{\rm bat}$. If $V_{\rm bat}$ = 24 V then max. 10 of these inputs may be switched to 24 V simultaneously.	
247, 234, 225, 212 248, 237, 239, 251 PO	Digital input Pull-up/pull-down resistance can be switched between 5V/ground in two groups IN_25 to IN_28 IN_29 to IN_32	Digital input Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 10 V) Externally switchable to GND, VSS_x or $V_{\rm bat}$. Open terminal voltage: Pull-up: 3.5 V Pull-down: 0 V (default)	Analog voltage input Input resistance with pull-up configuration: 21 k Ω to 5 V and 50 k Ω to GND Input resistance with pull-down configuration: 15 k Ω to GND Filter frequency limit: 330 Hz
164, 166, 231, 217, 226, 139, 141 (**) (Analog voltage input IN_33 to IN_39		Digital input active high Evaluation options: Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 10 V) Externally switchable to VSS_x
119, 120 Report ADC ADC ADC ADC ADC ADC	Analog voltage input IN_40 to IN_41	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Digital input active high Evaluation options: Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 32 V) Externally switchable to VSS_x or V _{bat}
114 6.5 V Compared to Logic	Digital input IN_42 (SW INH) 21.5 kΩ pull-up resistor to 6.5 V	Secondary inhibit input Activation of output stages: Level low < 0.7 V (switch to GND with low resistance) Deactivation of output stages: Level high > 2 V, $\leq V_{\rm bat}$ (switch open) Cable break leads to the deactivation of all output stages.	Digital input active low Evaluation options: Digital switching thresholds Level low < 0.7 V (switch to GND with low resistance) Level high > 2 V (switch open) Filter frequency limit: 100 Hz

RC Serie 30 | BODAS Controller Connection variants

12

Pin	Description	Main function	Alternative functions
115, 140, 155, 156, 172, 191, 192, 196, 249	Digital input IN_43 to IN_51	Digital input active low Evaluation options:	
6.5 V GND GND GND	21.5 kΩ pull-up resistor to 6.5 V	Digital switching thresholds Level low < 0.7 V (switch to GND with low resistance) Level high > 2 V (switch open)	
		Filter frequency limit: 100 Hz	
213, 208 vss_2	Active frequency input IN_66 to IN_67	Frequency input for Type NPN active sensors	Low active digital input Evaluation options:
(SN) CPU CPU connection ADC	6.8 kΩ pull-up resistor to VSS $_2$ ¹⁾ and 24 kΩ pull-down resistor to ground	Frequency evaluation of active speed sensors that switch to ground. Frequency evaluation up to 10 kHz Phase measuring between IN_66 (Pin 213) and IN_67 (Pin 208) Short circuit current up to 1.4 mA	Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 5 V), accuracy ±0.25 V Digital switching thresholds Level low < 1 V (switch to GND with low resistance) Level high > 4 V (switch open) Open terminal voltage: > 6 V
108 VSS_2 (10 V)	Active frequency input IN_68	Frequency input for Type NPN active sensors	
© KI CPU connection	6.8 kΩ pull-up resistor to VSS $_2^{1)}$ and 24 kΩ pull-down resistor to ground	Frequency evaluation of active speed sensors that switch to ground. Frequency evaluation up to 10 kHz	
	ground	Short circuit current up to 1.4 mA	
133, 132	Inductive frequency input	Frequency input for Type PNP and NPN inductive and active sensors	High active digital input Evaluation options:
GND GND CPU connection	IN_69 to IN_70 44 kΩ pull-down resistance to ground	Frequency evaluation: 500 Hz to 10 kHz Min. required signal amplitude: 1 V _{RMS} (sine wave) Phase measuring between IN_69 (Pin 133) and IN_70 (Pin 132)	Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 32 V) (switch to $V_{\rm bat}$ with low resistance) Open terminal voltage: < 1 V
			Analog voltage input Measuring range: 0 to 32 V Resolution: 12 bit (7.6 mV/bit)

¹⁾ When $V_{\rm bat}$ \geq 11 V, VSS_2 = 10 V; when $V_{\rm bat}$ <11 V, VSS_2 = $V_{\rm bat}$ -1 V

BODAS Controller | RC Serie 30 Connection variants

Pin	Description	Main function	Alternative functions
112, 113, 110, 111, 109 vss_2	DSM frequency input IN_71 to IN_75	Frequency input for Rexroth DSM sensors	Frequency input for Type NPN active sensors
Pan CPU connection	This input has an internal pull-up resistance of 243 Ω to VSS_2 (10 V).	Frequency evaluation up to 9 kHz Evaluation of additional information, such as direction of rotation and fault monitoring.	Frequency evaluation of active speed sensors that switch to ground. Level low < 5 V (7 mA) Level high > 9 V (13 mA) Phase measuring between IN_71 (Pin 112) and IN_72 (Pin 113) Phase measuring between IN_73 (Pin 110) and IN_74 (Pin 111) Attention: Short circuit current to ground up to 40 mA. Digital input switching to GND
			Evaluation options: - Digital current threshold 10 mA ± 3 mA
138, 168 218, 229, 171, 227 167, 169, 170, 165 (To ADC GND GND GND CPU	Analog current input with switchable internal ohmic resistance IN_52 to IN_61 Switchable in three groups between analog current and voltage input IN_52 and IN_53 IN_54 to IN_57 IN_58 to IN_61	Analog current measuring input Measuring range: 0 to 20 mA Internal ohmic resistance: 490 Ω Resolution: 12 bit (5.5 μA/bit) Filter frequency limit: 330 Hz In 12 V applications two current inputs may be connected in parallel to halve the internal ohmic resistance.	Analog voltage input Measuring range: 0 to 10 V Resolution: 12 bit (2.71 mV/bit) Input resistance DC to GND: 12.38 kΩ Filter frequency limit: 330 Hz Digital input active high Evaluation options: Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 10 V)
121, 116, 117, 118	Temperature input	Resistance input	Open terminal voltage: < 1 V Digital input active low
33 VDC GND GND GND GND GND	IN_62 to IN_65 1 k Ω pull-up resistor to 3.3 V and 150 k Ω pull-down resistor to ground Not short circuit-proof	Measuring range $0200 \text{ k}\Omega$ Temperature input Measuring range -50150 °C	Evaluation options: Switching threshold configurable via software (max. 3.3 V) (switch to GND with low resistance or switch open) Open terminal voltage: > 3 V
	to battery.	Can be used with Bosch Rexroth TSA, TSF (PTC) temperature sensors, Bosch NTC temperature sensors or DST sensor. For details see API manual.	Analog voltage input Measuring range: 0 to 3 V Resolution: 12 bit (0.8 mV/bit) Filter frequency limit: 230 Hz

14 **RC Serie 30** | BODAS Controller Connection variants

-	I	T	
153, 177, 154, 178, 151, 175, 152, 176, 149, 173, 150, 174, 130, 131, 126, 101, 125, 129 from main switch (battery voltage) From CPU Current measurement to ADC Status to CPU Status to CPU	PWM output stage OUT_1 to OUT_18	PWM output stage High-side switch Clock frequency adjustable via software Integrated free-wheeling diode for switching of inductive loads Max. current: 2.5 A Duty factor: 0 to 100% Power supply centrally switchable via VP_1	Switching output stage with diagnostics duty cycle: 100%
Battery voltage Battery voltage Free-wheeling diode From PANR ON PANR ON GPU Current measurement to ADC Status to CPU	PWM output stage OUT_38 to OUT_40 and OUT_42 to OUT_46	PWM output stage Low-side switch Clock frequency configurable via software Integrated free-wheeling diode for switching of inductive loads Max. current: 3.0 A Duty factor: 0 to 100%	Switching output stage with diagnostics Duty cycle: 100%
Battery voltage Free- F	PWM output stage OUT_37 and OUT_41	PWM output stage Low-side switch Clock frequency adjustable via software Integrated free-wheeling diode for switching of inductive loads Max. current: 4.0 A Duty factor: 0 to 100% Maximum current depends on duty factor and load.	Switching output stage with diagnostics Duty cycle: 100%
Tool 104, 127, 102 Battery voltage Woltage measure ment to ADC GND GND GND GND GND GND GND G	Analog voltage output OUT_33 to OUT_36	PWM control voltage Output voltage: $0\% \times V_{\rm bat}$ to $90\% \times V_{\rm bat}$ (typically 25% x $V_{\rm bat}$ to $75\% \times V_{\rm bat}$) 400 to 5000 Hz OUT_33 to OUT_36: Power supply centrally switchable via VP_1	

Pin	Description	Main function	Alternative functions
107, 106, 190, 189, 194, 193, 242, 256, 244, 257 from main switch (battery voltage) Current sensing to ΔDC from CPU Status to CPU GND GND GND	Switching output stage with current sensing OUT_21 to OUT_26 and OUT_29 to OUT_32	High-side switch switching output stage ¹⁾ Max. current 2.2 A Integrated free-wheeling diode for switching of inductive loads Power supply centrally switchable via VP_2	
128, 103, 243, 241 from main switch (battery voltage) Current sensing to ADC from CPU Status to CPU GND GND GND GND GND GND GND GN	Switching output stage with current sensing OUT_19 to OUT_20 and OUT_27 to OUT_28	High-side switch switching output stage ¹⁾ Max. current 3.5 A Integrated free-wheeling diode for switching of inductive loads OUT_19 to OUT_20: switchable via VP_1 OUT_27 to OUT_28: switchable via VP_2	
Current sensing to ADC from CPU Voltage sensing to ADC GND GND	Analog signal output OUT_47	Analog current output Output signal 420 mA with 200 Ω external ohmic resistance Output powered via VSS_2	Analog voltage output Output signal 0.5 to 5.0 V 150 Ω external ohmic resistance to ground required
219	Sensor supply VSS_1	Sensor supply Output voltage 5.0 V Accuracy ±0.15 V Load capacity 150 mA	
232	Sensor supply VSS_2	Sensor supply, deactivatable Output voltage 10.0 V^{2} but not more than V_{bat} -1 V Accuracy $\pm 0.50 \text{ V}$ Load capacity: 1000 mA	
255	Sensor supply VSS_3	Sensor supply, deactivatable Output voltage 5.0 V Accuracy ±0.25 V Load capacity 250 mA	

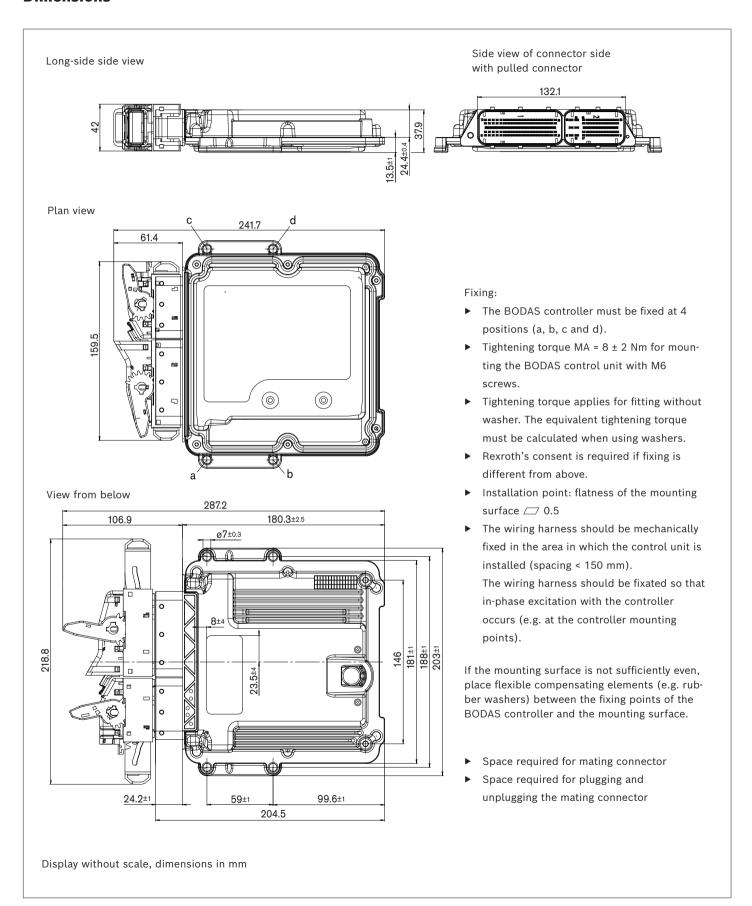
¹⁾ Software configuration as proportional output with 100% duty cycle required.

²⁾ When $V_{\rm bat} \ge$ 11 V, VSS_2 = 10 V; when $V_{\rm bat}$ <11 V, VSS_2 = $V_{\rm bat}$ -1 V

16 **RC Serie 30** | BODAS Controller Connection variants

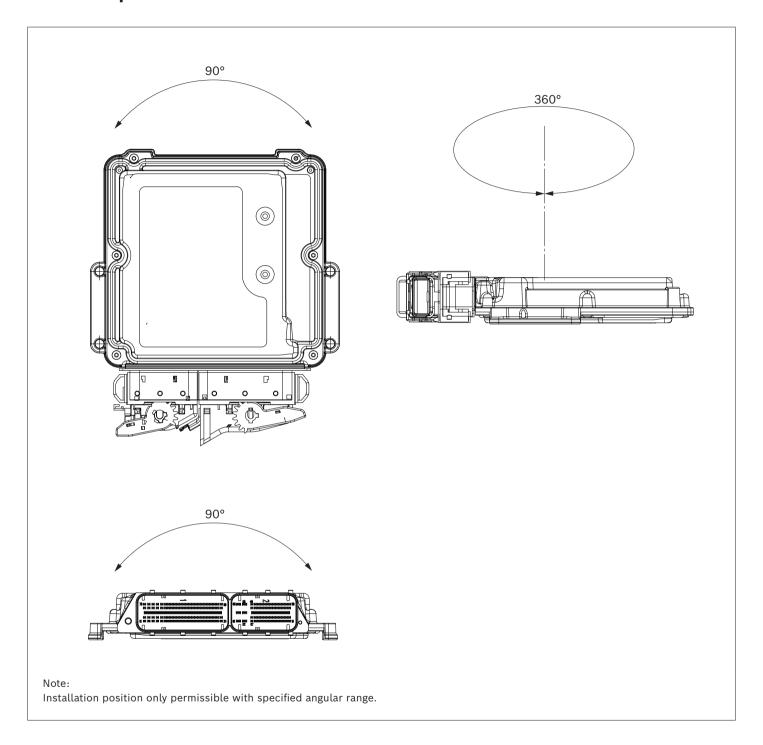
Pin	Description	Main function	Alternative functions
Shutoff VP_1 and VP_2 CPU connection	External inhibit INH	Primary inhibit input Activation of the output stages: Level > 4.5 V, $\leq V_{bat}$ Deactivation of output stages: Level < 1 V Cable break leads to the deactivation of all output stages. Input resistance DC to GND: $34 \text{ k}\Omega$	
230 Enable power supply GND GND GND	Door contact WAKE Enables temporary power up of the control unit		
240 Enable power supply GND	KL15 ignition switch Power on signal for the control unit	Digital input Controller activation Level > 8 V, $\leq V_{\rm bat}$ Input resistance DC to GND: 10 kΩ	
215, 216 Republic Re	CAN interface CAN1_H, CAN1_L	CAN interface CAN 2.0 B, factory setting 250 kBaud, standard diagnostics interface up to 1 Mbaud, termination resistor in cable harness required	
253, 254 Real Composition of the Composition of th	CAN interface CAN2_H, CAN2_L	CAN interface CAN 2.0 B, up to 1 Mbaud, termination resistor in cable harness required	
163, 162 Rep True CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU	CAN interface CAN3_H, CAN3_L	CAN interface CAN 2.0 B, up to 1 Mbaud, termination resistor in cable harness required	
161, 160 Repure September 160 to CPU Repure September 160 to CPU Repure September 160 to CPU	CAN interface CAN4_H, CAN4_L	CAN interface CAN 2.0 B, up to 1 Mbaud, termination resistor in cable harness required	

Dimensions



RC Serie 30 | BODAS Controller Installation position

Installation position



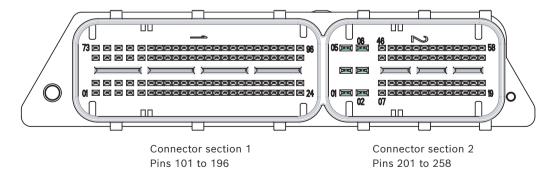
Mating connector

Order designations for the connector set with the Rexroth material number R902603622

Designation		Bosch part numbers of	ers of the individual parts	
	Number	Module 58-pin	Module 96-pin	
Contact carrier code: A	1 per connector	1 928 404 780	1 928 404 781	
Cover pre-installed, cable exit left**)	1 per connector	1 928 404 774	1 928 404 773	
Secondary lock 1.2	1 per connector	1 928 404 760	1 928 404 762	
Secondary lock 2.8	1	1 928 404 761	-	
Wire tie (cable tie)	1 per connector	1 928 40	1 713	
Contacts BDK 2.8 contact Surface: SN Insulation cross section: 2.2 to 3.0 mm Line cross section: 1.5 to 2.5 mm	6 (8)*)	1 928 498 057	_	
Matrix 1.2 contact Surface: SN Insulation cross section: 1.2 to 1.6 mm Line cross section: 0.35 to 0.5 mm	52 (55)*)	1 928 498 679	-	
Matrix 1.2 contact Surface: SN Insulation cross section: 1.2 to 1.6 mm Line cross section: 0.35 to 0.5 mm	96 (100)*)	-	1 928 498 679	
Individual sealing White for BDK 2.8 Cross section: 2.2 to 3.0 mm	6 (8)*)	1 928 300 600	-	

^{*)} The number in the brackets indicates how many contacts or individual seals are included in the Rexroth connector set. The number without brackets indicates the requirement.

View of connector strip



The control unit connector strip can be ordered separately under Rexroth material number R917009804, e.g., for testing a wiring harness. Delivery only in quantities for lab use.

^{**)} Other variants are available from Bosch. See www.bosch-connectors.com.

RC Serie 30 | BODAS Controller Mating connector

Notes regarding assembly

Please observe the assembly instructions for connectors (1 928 A00 48M) as well as the processing specifications for BDK 2.8 contacts (1 928 F00 025) and Matrix 1.2 contacts (1 928 A00 47M) when assembling the connectors.

These assembly instructions are available from Bosch Rexroth upon request.

Note

Please observe the following when assembling the connector in the vehicle:

The wiring harness must be attached \leq 150 mm from the outgoing wires and at the same vibration level as the control unit.

Recommended lines

Recommended connecting lines for contacts 201 to 206:

- ► Cross section 1.5 mm² to 2.5 mm² (16 to 14 AWG, 14 AWG with thin electric insulation)
- ▶ Outer diameter: 2.2 mm to 3.0 mm

Recommended connecting lines for contacts 101-105, 124, 125-129, 148, 149-153, 172, 173-177, 196, 207, 220, 233, 246:

- ► Cross section 1.0 mm² to 1.5 mm² (18 to 16 AWG)
- ► Outer diameter: 1.9 to 2.1 mm for 1.0 mm², 2.2 to 2.4 mm for 1.5 mm²

Lines with a cross section of 0.35 mm² to 0.5 mm² can also be used for these contacts (see other contacts below). However, the 1.0 mm² to 1.5 mm² cross sections can make it easier to insert the contacts into the connector.

Recommended connection lines for the contacts not mentioned above:

► Cross section: 0.35 mm² to 0.5 mm² (22 AWG)

▶ Outer diameter: 1.2 to 1.6 mm

Required tools

Bosch part numbers for tools1)

Designation	Type FLK-R line cross sections			
	BDK 2.8 contacts	Matrix 1.2 contacts		
	1.5 to 2.5 mm ²	0.35 to 0.5 mm ²	1.0 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Contact	1 928 498 057	1 928 498 679	1 928 498 680	1 928 498 681
Crimping tool with matrix	1 928 498 162	1 928 498 212	1 928 498 213	1 928 498 214
Quick-change tool	1 928 498 164	1 928 498 720	1 928 498 722	1 928 498 723
Wear parts set	1 928 498 166	1 928 498 724	1 928 498 726	1 928 498 727
Disassembly extraction tool	1 928 498 167		1 928 498 218	
10 replacement needles for the extraction tool	1 928 498 168		1 928 498 219	

Drawings and further information about Bosch connectors and tools can be found on the internet: www.bosch-connectors.com

Tools can be ordered from Bosch retailers or Bosch Service (www.bosch-service.com).

Safety information

General

- Reliable operation cannot be guaranteed if samples or prototypes are used in series production machines.
- ► The proposed circuits do not imply any technical liability for the system on the part of Bosch Rexroth.
- ► Incorrect connections could cause unexpected signals at the outputs of the control unit.
- ► Incorrect programming or parameter settings on the control unit may create potential dangers while the machine is in operation.

 It is the responsibility of the machine manufacturer to identify hazards of this type in a hazard analysis and to
 - identify hazards of this type in a hazard analysis and to bring them to the attention of the end user. Rexroth assumes no liability for dangers of this type.
- ► The component firmware/software must be installed or changed by Bosch Rexroth or by the authorized partner concerned in order to uphold the warranty.
- ► It is not permissible to open the control unit or to modify or repair the control unit. Modifications or repairs to the wiring could result in dangerous malfunctions.
 - Repairs to the control unit may only be performed by Bosch Rexroth or by an authorized partner.
- ► To switch off the system in emergencies, the stop switch (two-channel stop function) or the optional de-energize switch may be used. The switch must be in an easily accessible position for the operator. The system must be designed in such a way that safe braking is ensured when the outputs are switched off.
- ▶ Make sure no pins are connected to a voltage source when the electronics is not powered. Thus, when the current supply is switched off, the supply for the electronics, the output stages and the external sensor supply have to be switched off together.
- Make sure that the control unit's configuration does not lead to safety-critical malfunctions of the complete system in the event of failure or malfunction. Such system behavior could result in death or serious property damage.
- ► System developments, installation and commissioning of electronic systems for controlling hydraulic drives must only be carried out by trained and experienced specialists who are sufficiently familiar with the components used and with the complete system.
- ► The machine may cause unforeseen hazards during control unit commissioning and maintenance (with BODAS Tools). Before commissioning the system, you must therefore ensure that the vehicle and the hydraulic system are in a safe condition.

- ► Make sure that nobody is in the machine's danger zone.
- ► No defective or incorrectly functioning components may be used. If the components should fail or demonstrate faulty operation, repairs must be performed immediately.
- ► Controllers used to develop software may only be installed in series production machines if it can be guaranteed that these control units have not been flash-programmed with new software more than 500 times. Controllers that have been programmed more than 1000 are not to be installed in series production machines.

Notes on the installation point and position

- ▶ Do not install the control unit close to parts that generate considerable heat (e.g. exhaust).
- ► Radio transmitting equipment and mobile telephones must not be used in the driver's cab without a suitable antenna or near the control electronics.
- ► A sufficiently large distance to radio transmitting systems must be maintained.
- ► All connectors must be unplugged from the electronics during electrical welding and painting operations.
- ► Cables/wires must be sealed individually to prevent water from entering the device.
- ► The control unit must not be electrostatically charged, e.g. during painting operations.
- ► The control unit will heat up beyond normal ambient temperature during operation. To avoid danger caused by high temperatures, it should be protected against contact.
- ► Install the control unit in such a way that the electrical plug is not facing upwards. This ensures that any condensation water that may form can flow out.
- Standing and permanently running water are not permitted anywhere near the circumferential groove (lid/base connector) or the pressure balance element (DAE).
- ► The housing must be wired to vehicle ground in order to comply with EMC guidelines. Metallic screws are used to create a connection to vehicle ground.
- ► The controller must be fixed with metallic screws to provide a good thermal connection between the housing and the cooling surface (heat sink).

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Notes on transport and storage

- ► If it is dropped, the control unit must not be used any longer as invisible damage could have a negative impact on reliability.
- ► Store control units at an average relative humidity of 60% and at a temperature between -10 °C and 30 °C. Storage temperatures between -20 °C and +40 °C are briefly permissible, for up to 100 hours.
- ► After a storage time of more than 5 years, the control unit must be examined by the manufacturer.

Notes on wiring and circuitry

- ► The electronics and the power outputs of a controller must be fed from the same power source.
- ▶ When wiring the output stages, the maximum cumulative output current for each output stage group should be noted. The cumulative output current means a permanent, simultaneous actuation of the output stages.
- ► Lines to the speed sensors are to be shielded and kept as short as possible. The shield must be connected to the electronics on one side or to the machine or vehicle ground via a low-resistance connection.
- ▶ The product may only be wired when it is de-energized.
- ► Lines to the electronics must not be routed close to other power-conducting lines in the machine or vehicle.
- ► The wiring harness should be fixed mechanically in the area in which the control unit is installed (spacing < 150 mm). The wiring harness should be fixed so that in-phase excitation with the control unit occurs (e.g. at the control unit bolting point).
- ► If possible, lines should be routed in the vehicle interior. If the lines are routed outside the vehicle, make sure that they are securely fixed.
- ► Lines must not be kinked or twisted, must not rub against edges and must not be routed through sharpedged ducts without protection.
- ► Lines are to be routed with sufficient spacing to hot or moving vehicle parts.
- ▶ PWM outputs must not be linked or bridged.
- ► PMW outputs (OUT_1 to OUT_18 and OUT_37 to OUT_46) must not be used to power lamps.
- ► The sensor supplies can be "pulled up" by external connection, e.g. the application of a higher voltage, because they operate only as a voltage source but not as a voltage sink! Pulling up a sensor supply may result in unexpected malfunctions and damage the control unit in continuous operation.

- ► The "high side" outputs may not be externally connected to battery.
- ▶ If the stop function is used in an application, contact 228 (INH) of the control unit must be connected to the stop switch in the vehicle. For a dual channel switch off function the contact SW-INH has to be connected to the stop switch too. Refer to the connection diagram.
- ► The optional voltage disconnector may not be used to switch the control unit off and on.

Notes on proportional and switching solenoids and other wired inductive consumers

- ► The proportional solenoids must not be wired with free-wheeling diodes.
- ► Switching solenoids at control unit outputs do not need to be connected to free-wheeling diodes.
- ► The electronics may only be tested with the proportional solenoids connected.
- ▶ Other inductive loads that are in the system but not connected to the control unit must be connected to free-wheeling diodes. This also applies to relays (e.g. for shutting off the control unit) that are powered by the same source as the control unit.

Intended use

- ► The control unit is designed for use in mobile working machines provided no limitations / restrictions are made to certain application areas in this data sheet.
- ▶ Operation of the control unit must generally occur within the operating ranges specified and released in this data sheet, particularly with regard to voltage, current, temperature, vibration, shock and other described environmental influences.
- ▶ Use outside of the specified and released boundary conditions may result in hazard to persons and/or cause damage to components which could result in subsequential damage to the mobile working machine.

Improper use

- ▶ Any use of the control unit other than as described under "Intended use" is considered to be improper.
- ▶ Use in explosive areas is not permissible.
- ▶ Damage resulting from improper use and/or from unauthorized interference in the component not described in this data sheet render all warranty and liability claims void with respect to the manufacturer.

Use in functions relevant to safety

- ► The customer is responsible for performing risk analysis on the mobile working machine and determining the possible safety-related functions.
- ► In safety-related applications, the customer is responsible for taking suitable measures to ensure safety (sensor redundancy, plausibility check, emergency switch, etc.).
 - For example, a suitable assignment of input variables (e.g., by connecting the acceleration pedal signal to two independent analog inputs) can be used to detect faults and to trigger specially programmed reactions.
 - Special measures may be taken if the plausibility check shows deviations between the setpoint values and the values read back from the microcontroller.
- ► Product data that is necessary to assess the safety of the machine can be provided upon request or are listed in this data sheet.
 - For all control units, the notes found in the API description, in the online help section of BODAS design and in the "safety-relevant project planning instructions" must be observed.
 - The service life of the control unit may be reduced depending on the conditions in which it is used. See the "safety-relevant project planning instructions" for more information.

Safety features in the BODAS controller

- ► The input circuits for speed and analog signals partially feature circuits that are mutually electrically isolated.

 Through appropriate input connections, the microcontroller and, when used, the software diagnostic function can detect faults.
- ► Faults in the voltage supply are detected by internal monitoring.
- ▶ All output signals can be monitored by the microcontroller with the appropriate software.
- ► For service purposes, the control units can be operated with all power outputs de-energized.
- ► The internal watchdog module centrally switches off the power supply of all proportional and switched outputs when there are malfunctions in the program run.

Further information

- ► In addition, the application-specific documents (connection diagrams, software descriptions, etc.) are to be observed.
- More detailed information on BODAS controllers may be found at www.boschrexroth.com/mobile-electronics

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