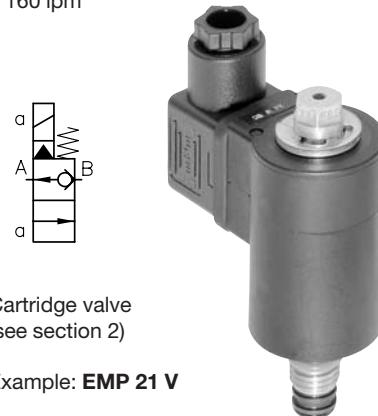


2/2-way directional seated valves type EM and EMP

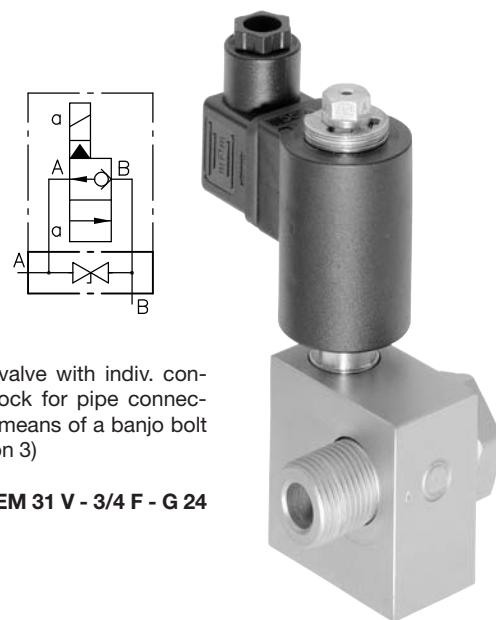
for oil hydraulic systems, leakage free in blocked state, available as on/off, soft-shift or proportional valve

Operation pressure p_{\max} = 450 bar
Flow Q_{\max} = 160 lpm



Cartridge valve
(see section 2)

Example: **EMP 21 V**



Cartridge valve with indiv. connection block for pipe connection or by means of a banjo bolt
(see section 3)

Example: **EM 31 V - 3/4 F - G 24**

1. General

These 2/2-way directional cone seated valves show zero leakage while in blocked shifting position.
The following versions are available:

Basic version

- Directly actuated, two sizes for up to 5 lpm (type EM..D.. and EM..DS..). Application, as piloting or discharge valves for hydraulic consumers, e.g. idle circulation circuit for 2/2-way cartridge valves, 3-way flow control valves or piloted pressure limiting valves.
- Piloted, four sizes for up to 160 lpm.

Basic flow pattern symbol

- Blocked in idle position, opening when energized (NO-characteristic)
- Open in idle position, blocking when energized (NC-characteristic).

Switching characteristics

- On/Off, version with defined flow direction (type EM 11 ... EM 41) as well as for arbitrary flow direction (type EM 12 ... EM 42)
- Soft-shift, hydraulically damped shifting "hydraulic ramp" (type EMP.. VG.. and EMP.. SG..)
- Proportional, prop. throttle (type EMP.. V.. and EMP.. S..)

Versions

- Cartridge valve
- Cartridge valve with indiv. connection block for direct pipe connection with various additional functions, e.g. drain valve, throttle valve or as manifold mounting valve
- Valve bank – series connection of several valves

The actuation solenoid is a wet armature type, i.e. all moving parts of the valve and the solenoid are lubricated by the hydraulic fluid, the coil cavity is sealed to the outside at the armature tube by means of O-rings. Therefore the solenoid is highly protected against ambient influences e.g. corrosion. The valves are bled automatically during operation.

A tapered pin directly opens or closes the valvular passage with the directly actuated type. Whereas a tapered pin opens (NC) or closes (NO) the piloting duct of a stepped piston with the piloted type. Thereby creating an opening (lifting off from the valve seat) or closing force at the opposing cross section and annular areas which open or close the main valvular passage.

The solenoid acts either on the tapered pin (directly actuated valves) or on the tapered piloting pin (piloted valves) thereby pulling with NC-valves or pushing with NO-valves and always acting against the spring return.

The valve is designed to be self-locking i.e. it is vibration save.

There are various passage cross sections available with type EMP.. to enable a customized shifting characteristic, see curves in sect. 2.2.1.

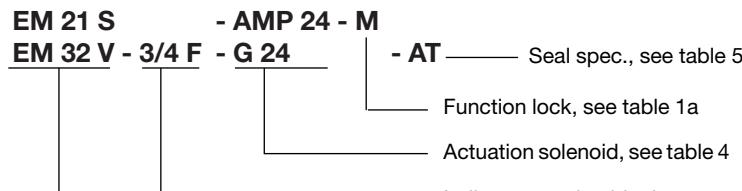
Control of the prop. valve is via a proportional amplifier (see sect. 5.4). The mounting hole is a simple stepped hole where the transition from one to the next diameter shows a chamfer of 118° (std. point angle of drills). All valve versions (ON/OFF, soft-shift or prop.) do share the same mounting hole pattern - only exception are non-piloted valves

2.2

2. Available versions, main data

2.1 Directional seated valves, ON/OFF-characteristic

Order example:

**Table 1:** Basic type, ON/OFF — Indiv. connection block, see sect. 2.4

Note: Max. permissible pressure only with manifolds made of steel. Observe the reduced strength of the thread for other materials e.g. cast iron, light alloy!

Basic symbol	Basic type	Pressure p_{\max} (bar)	Flow Q_{\max} ca. (lpm)	Flow direction	Symbol	Note
NC-valve	EM 11 D EM 11 D 0,8 EM 11 D 1,2 EM 21 D	450 150 60 400	1 2.5 5 3	A → B B → A = inadmissible		Directly acting • for piloting applications
	EM 11 V EM 21 V EM 31 V EM 41 V	400 400 400 350	20 40 80 160	A → B B → A = free flow, solenoid must be deenergized		Piloted acting
	EM 12 V EM 22 V EM 32 V EM 42 V	400 400 400 350	20 40 80 160	Any		Piloted acting
	EM 11 DS EM 11 DS 0,8 EM 21 DS	450 150 400	1 2.5 3	A → B B → A = inadmissible		Directly acting • for piloting applications
	EM 11 S EM 11 ST EM 21 S EM 31 S EM 41 S	400 400 400 400 350	20 20 40 80 160	A → B B → A = inadmissible		Piloted acting • With manual emergency actuation (not detailed) • Type .ST with actuation button, see sect. 4.1
	EM 12 S EM 22 S EM 32 S EM 42 S	400 400 400 350	20 40 80 160	Any		

Table 1a: Function lock (e.g. for emergency- or initial operation)

Note: Only available with type EM 11 DS, EM 21 DS, EM 1. S and EM 2. S!

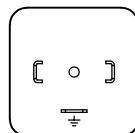
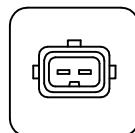
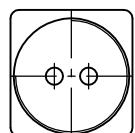
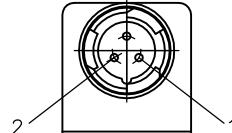
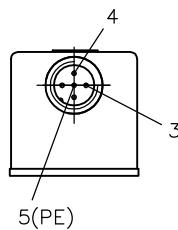
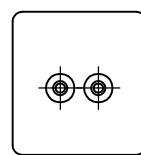
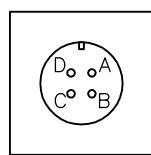
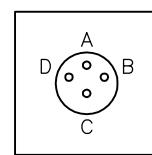
Coding	Description
(without)	No function lock (std.) but incl. manual emergency actuation
M	Winged nut (fixed laterally via lead seal)

Table 4: Actuation solenoid

Note:

- The specified protection class is only valid when the plug is properly mounted.
- Type EMP... only 12V DC and 24V DC

Electrical connection	Coding and nom. voltage					EM 1 EM 2 EM 3	EMP 2 EMP 3 EMP 4	EMP 4	Protection class (IEC 60529)
	12 V DC	24 V DC	48 V DC	110 V 50/60 Hz	230 V 50/60 Hz				
DIN EN 175 301-803 A with plug	G 12	G 24	G 48	WG 110	WG 230	●	●	●	IP 65
DIN EN 175 301-803 A without plug	X 12	X 24	X 48	X 98	X 205	●	●	●	(IP 65)
DIN EN 175 301-803 A with LED-plug	L 12	L 24	--	--	--	●	●	●	IP 65
Co. AMP Junior Timer	AMP 12	AMP 24	AMP 48	--	--	●	●	●	IP 65
Co. KOSTAL	K 12	K 24	--	--	--	●	●		IP 67
Co. SCHLEMMER (quarter-turn PA 6)	S 12	S 24	--	--	--	●	●		IP 67
M12x1	--	M 24	--	--	--	●	●		IP 67
With lead ends	--	F 24	--	--	--			●	(IP 67)
MIL-VG 95234	--	ITT 24	--	--	--	●			IP 67
MIL-DTL-38999 series III	--	DTL 24	--	--	--	●			IP 67

Connection pattern**G.., X.., L..****AMP..****K..****S..****M..****F..****ITT..****DTL..****Table 5:** Seal specification, for fluid exposed seals

Coding	Note
(without)	Standard, fluid seals made of NBR or AU, e.g. suited for mineral oil and synth. Ester HEES
PYD	Fluid seals made of FKM
AT	Fluid seals made of EPDM, e.g. suited for glycol based brake fluid (DOT4)

2.4 Indiv. connection blocks

Suited for direct pipe connection of manifold mounting

2.4.1 Indiv. connection blocks without and with drain valve

Order example:

EMP 21 S - 1/4 - G 24

Basic type acc. to table 1, 2, 3

Actuation solenoid, table 4

Table 6a: Indiv. connection blocks

Coding	Description	Ports A, B (BSPP)	Basic types					
			EM 11 D EM 11 DS	EM 1. V EM 1. S	EM 21 D EM 21 DS	EM. 2. V EM. 2. S	EM. 3. V EM. 3. S	EM. 4. V EM. 4. S
1/4	For pipe connection	G 1/4	●	●	●			
3/8		G 3/8		●		●		
1/2		G 1/2				●	●	
3/4		G 3/4					●	●
1		G 1						●
1 5/16-12 UN		1 5/16-12UN-2B						●
1/4 A	For pipe connection with (accumulator) discharge valve	G 1/4		●				
3/8 A		G 3/8		●		●		
1/2 A		G 1/2			●	●		
3/4 A		G 3/4				●	●	
1 A		G 1						●
3/8 N 0,8	For pipe connection with manual bypass valve	G 3/8				●		
3/8 N 1,5						●		
P	For manifold mounting	--			●		●	

Symbols

Below symbols are only exemplary and have to be completed with the flow pattern symbols, see table 1, 2, 3

Coding

1/4

3/8

1/2

3/4

Coding

1 5/16-12UN

Coding

1/4 A

3/8 A

1/2 A

3/4 A

1 A

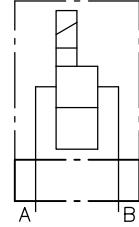
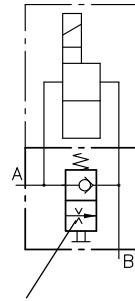
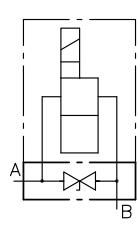
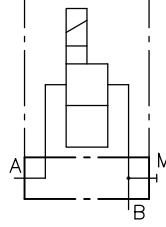
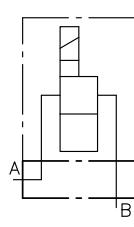
Coding

3/8 N 0,8

3/8 N 1,5

Coding

P



Orifice 0.8 mm
or 1.5 mm

2.5 Valve combinations

2.5.1 Valve banks type BEM

Order example: BEM 11 - SS - 1/4 - G 12
BEM 11 - SS/SS/S - 1/4 - G 24

Basic type
and
size
 $Q_{\max} = 20 \text{ lpm}$
 $p_{\max} = 400 \text{ bar}$

Actuation solenoid

Note: Only available are actuations for 12 or 24 V DC,
type G..., X..., L... (see table 4)!

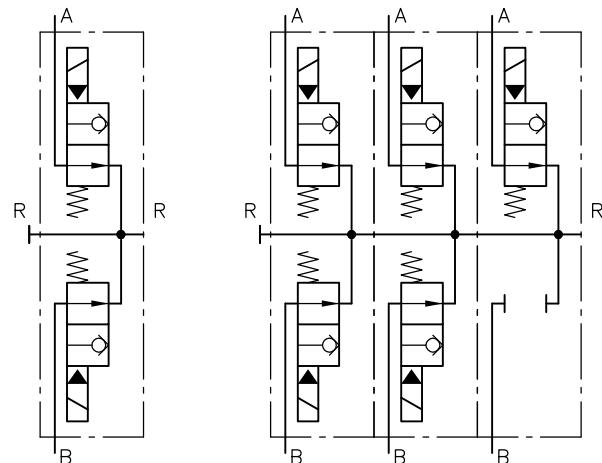
Ports A, B, R = G 1/4 (BSPP)

Table 7: Valve sections
(max. 10 valve sections can be combined)

Coding	Description
SS, WV, SV, VS	Double valve (port A = first letter, port B = second letter S = NO-valve type EM 11 S V = NC-valve type EM 11 V)
S, V	Indiv. valve (B-side is blocked)

Note: The solenoid coils utilized are not standard as they show a flat side (see also sect. 5.3)

Symbols



2.5.2 Valve bank type BEMD 21

Application: Various different pressure stages can be arbitrarily activated as over-load protection e.g. for the changing operation conditions of cranes

Order example: BEMD 21 - DS 80/DS 140/DS 180 - G 24

Basic type
 $Q_{\max} = 3 \text{ lpm}$
 $p_{\max} = 400 \text{ bar}$

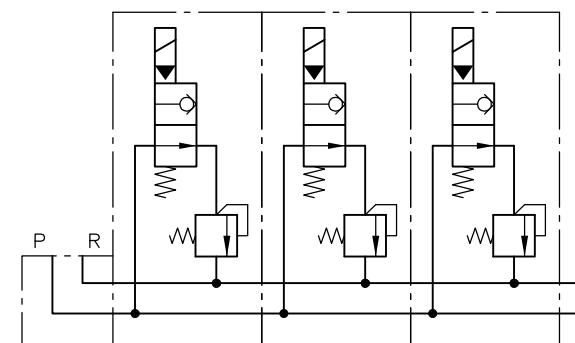
Actuation solenoid table 4

Pressure setting per valve section

Table 8: Valve sections
(max. 10 valve sections can be combined)

Coding	Description
D	NC-valve, type EM 21 D
DS	No-valve, type EM 21 DS

Symbol



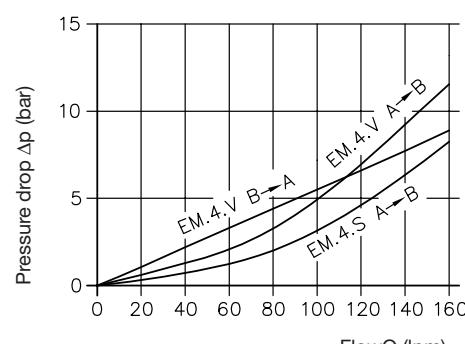
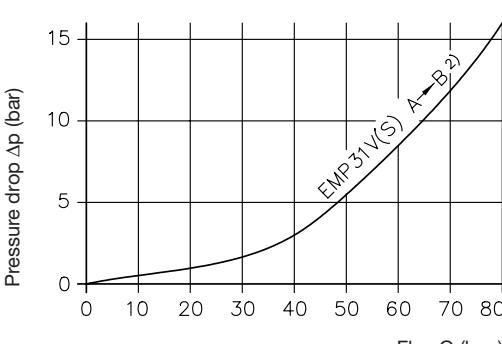
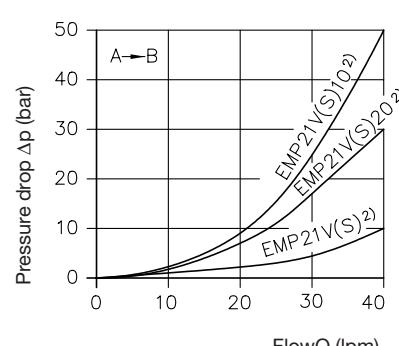
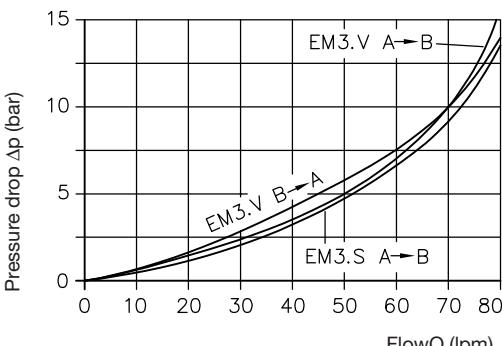
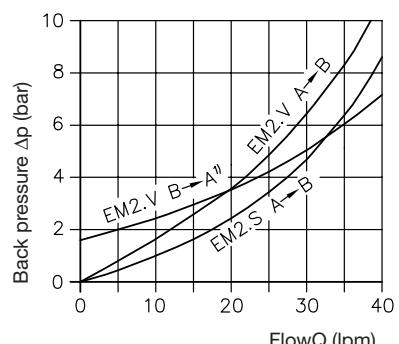
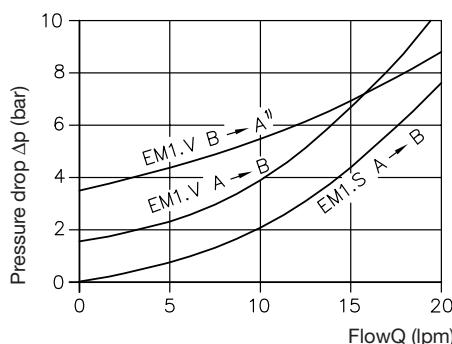
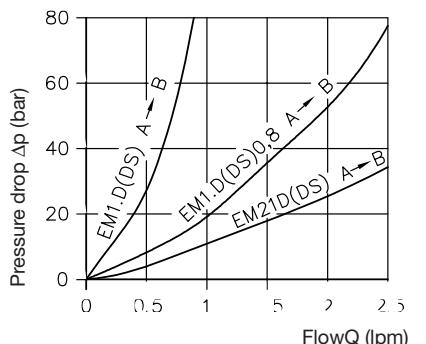
3. Further parameters

3.1 General and hydraulic data (type EM.. and EMP..)

Nomenclature and design	2/2-way solenoid actuated seated valve (cone seated design)
Installed position	Arbitrary
Operation pressure	$p_{\max} = 450$ bar (see restrictions in sect. 2.1); With type EM..V: $p_{\min} = 2$ bar
Perm. flow	Depending on type (section 2.)
Pressure fluid	Standard (without coding acc. to table 5), hydraulic fluid (DIN 51524 table 1 to 3); ISO VG 10 to 68 acc. to (DIN 51519). The compatibility with the seal material has to be checked, when other pressure fluid types are intended (see table 5)!
Viscosity range	min. 4; max. 1500 mm ² /s; optimal operation range: 10...300 mm ² /s Also suitable are biodegradable pressure fluids of the type HEPG (Polyalkyleneglycol) and HEES (synth. Ester) at operation temperatures up to +70°C. HETG (seed oil) is not suited. Not suited for water based pressure fluids and see oil (HETG).
Temperatures	Ambient: -40...+80°C Fluid: -25...+80°C, pay attention to the viscosity range! Start temperature down to -40°C are allowable (Pay attention to the viscosity range during start-up!), as long as the operation temperature during consequent running is at least 20K (Kelvin) higher. Biodegradable pressure fluids: Pay attention to manufacturer's information. With regard to the compatibility with sealing materials do not exceed +70°C. Attention: Observe the restrictions regarding the max. permissible operation of the solenoid specified in sect. 3.2 !
Mass (weight)	Cartridge valves
	EM 1 0.3 kg
	EM 2, EMP 2 0.35 kg
	EM 3, EMP 3 0.4 kg
	EM 4 0.6 kg
	EMP 4 0.7 kg

Indiv. connection blocks, see sect. 4.3
Valve banks, see sect. 4.4

Δp -Q-curves



A→B EM(P)...V energized solenoid
EM1D(S)..; EM2D(S); EM(P)...S deenergized solenoid

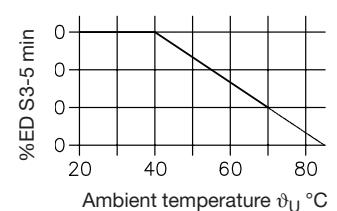
¹⁾ Only with EM...V:
Free flow B→A, only while solenoid is deenergized

²⁾ Applies also to type EMP..VG..(SG..)
Non illustrated flow directions are like type EM.. of similar size

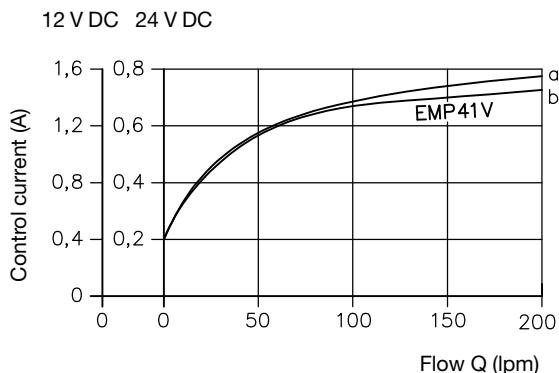
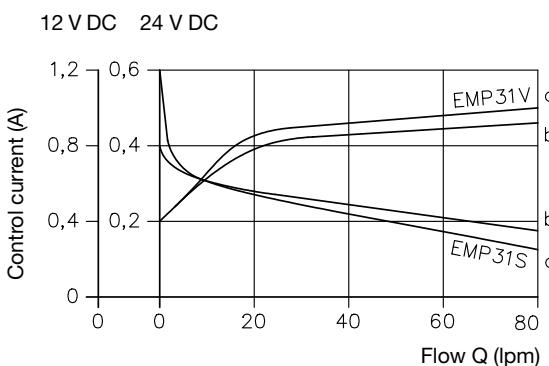
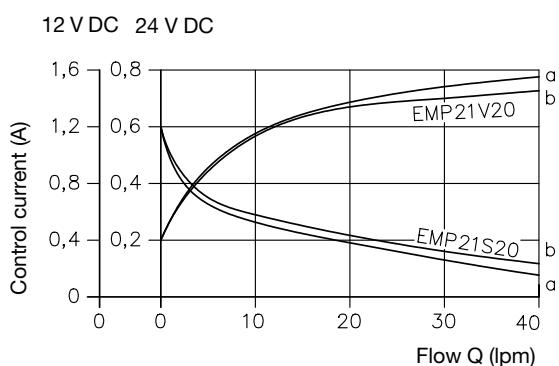
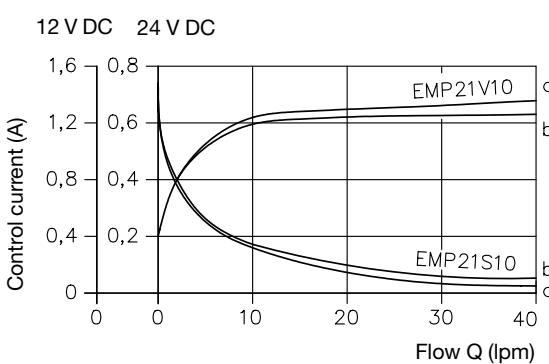
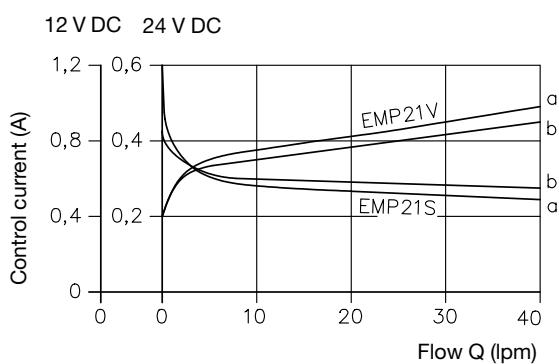
Fluid viscosity during measurement 60 mm²/s

3.2 Electrical data (type EM.. and EMP..)

Nom. voltage	U_N		12 V DC	24 V DC	98 V DC	205 V DC
Nom. power	P_N	EM 1.., EM 2.., EM 3.. EMP 2.., EMP 3.., EM 4.. EMP 4..	21 W 32 W 30 W	21 W 32 W 30 W	21 W 32 W	21 W 32 W
Nom. current	I_N	EM 1.., EM 2.., EM 3.. EMP 2.., EMP 3.., EM 4.. EMP 4..	1.2 A 2.5 A 2.5 A	0.63 A 1.25 A 1.25 A	0.2 A 0.3 A	0.1 A 0.15 A
Max. current	$I_{lim.}$	EMP	1.75 A	0.87 A		
Switching times approx. ms		EM..S: On 150 Off 50	EM..V: On 50 Off 150			
		The switching times with version WG.. are 2 to 3 times and with type EMP.. VG.. and EMP.. SG.. 5 to 10 times longer				
Switchings / h		approx. 2000 (rather even distributed)				
Insulation material class		F; Contact temperature approx. 85 ... 95°C (solenoid housing) with an ambient temperature of 20°C. Classification F permits a max. winding temperature of approx. 150°C; This won't be exceeded if the guideline figures for %ED are observed during operation. The thermal load of the coil may be reduced when an economy circuit is employed (see sect. 5.4).				
Protection class		Depending on actuation solenoid, see table 4				
Connector and connection		Depending on actuation solenoid, see table 4				
Required connectors		DC-voltage				
Coding K.. 03888005 Co. KOSTAL		G .. X ..	K .. S ..	L..	AC-voltage	WG 110..
Coding S.. Taper with quarter-turn 10 SL Co. SCHLEMMER			AMP .. F..			
Coding AMP.. Co. AMP Junior 2-pole, Coding 1						
Coding G., X., L.. DIN EN 175 301-803 A						
Coding F.. Lead length approx. 600 mm		1	1	2	1~	2~
		2	2	PE	1-	2+
		M..	IT.. DTL..			
		3	A	4	B	C
		4	B	5(PE)	C	D
Cut-off energy		Guideline for max: approx. < 10 Ws + approx. 10% when measuring at U_N				
Dither frequency for type EMP.V(S)		50 ... 150 Hz				



I-Q-curve



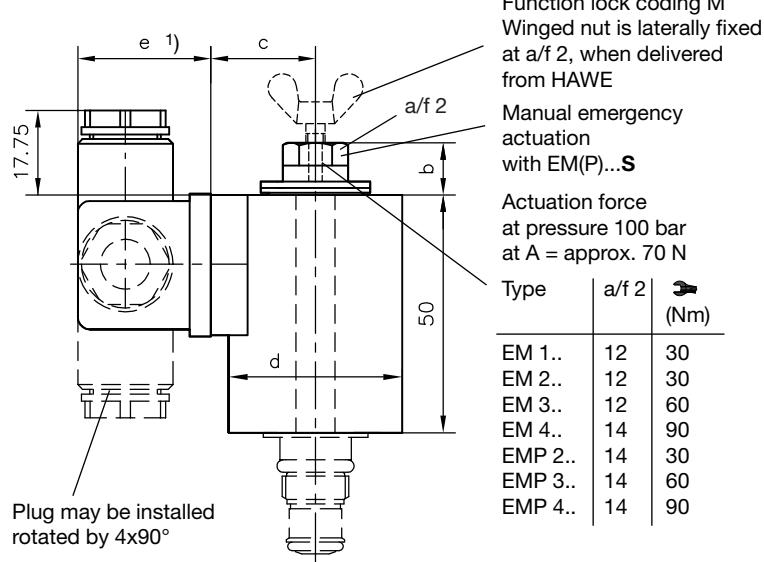
Curve a: Load pressure $p = 50$ bar;
 Curve b: Load pressure $p = 200$ bar

4. Unit dimensions

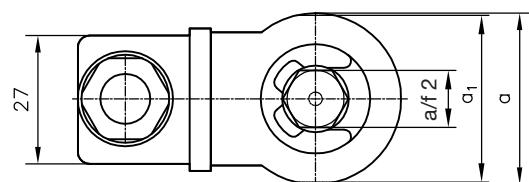
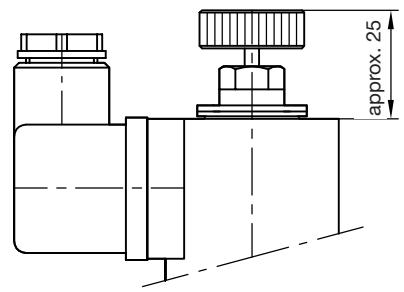
All dimensions in mm, subject to change without notice

4.1 Valve and actuation solenoid

Valve and actuation solenoid
Coding G.., WG.., X.., L..



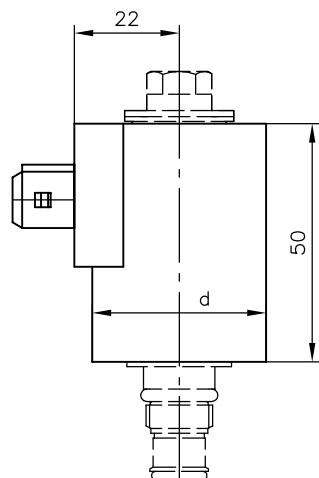
Type EM 11 ST stop coding



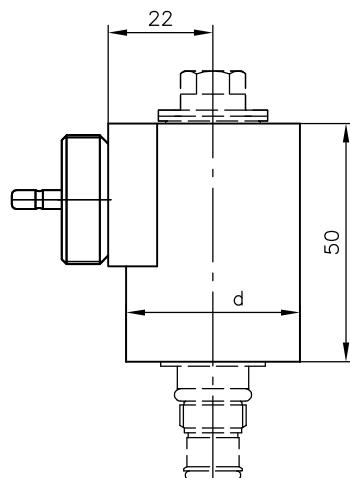
Type	EM 1 EM 2 EM 3	EM 4 EMP 2 EMP 3	EMP 4
a	36.5	---	Φ37
a1	---	37.5	-
b	12	15	18.3
c	22	25	28
d	Φ36.5	Φ38.5	Φ37
e	Version	G: WG: L:	29 ¹⁾ 34 ¹⁾ 40

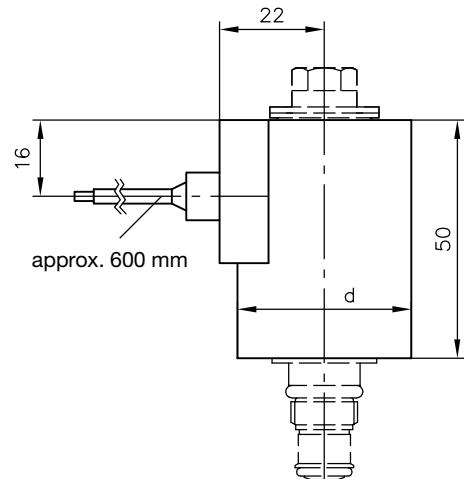
1) This dimension depends on the manufacturer (of the plug) and may be up to 40 mm acc. to DIN EN 175 301-803!

Actuation solenoid
Coding AMP..

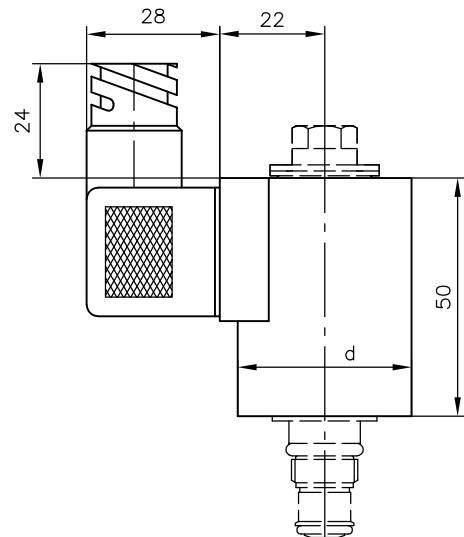
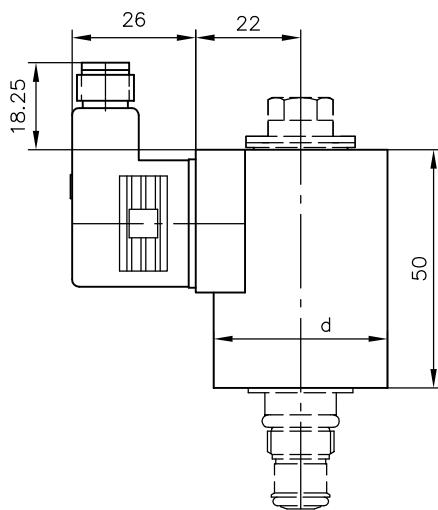
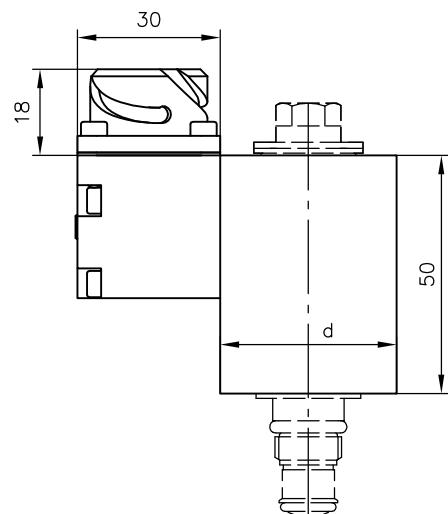


Coding K..



Coding F..

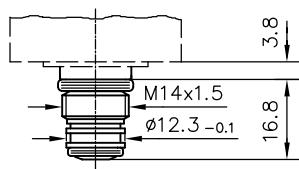
Type	EM 1 EM 2 EM 3	EM 4 EMP 2 EMP 3	EMP 4
d	$\varnothing 36.5$	$\varnothing 38.5$	$\varnothing 37$

Coding S..**Coding M..****Coding ITT..
DTL..**

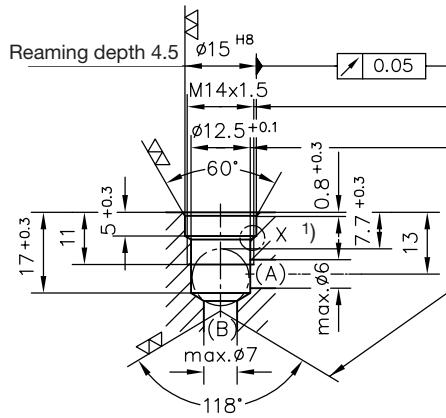
Type	EM 1 EM 2
d	$\varnothing 37$

4.2 Screwed-in section of the valve

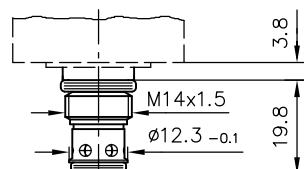
**Type EM 11 D, EM 11 DS
EM 11 D 0,8, EM 11 DS 0,8**



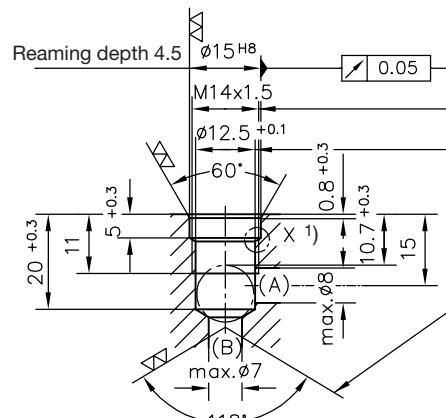
Mounting hole:



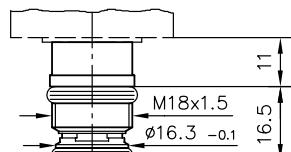
Type EM 1. V, EM 1. S



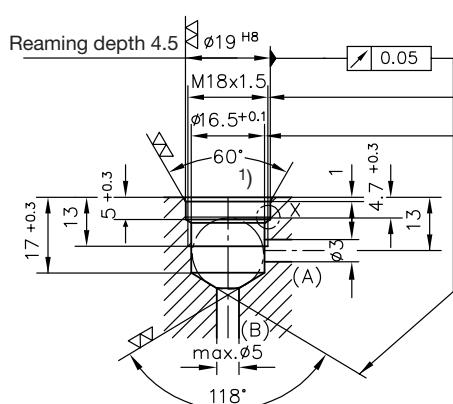
Mounting hole:



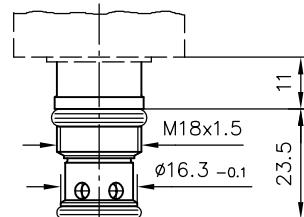
Type EM 21 D, EM 21DS



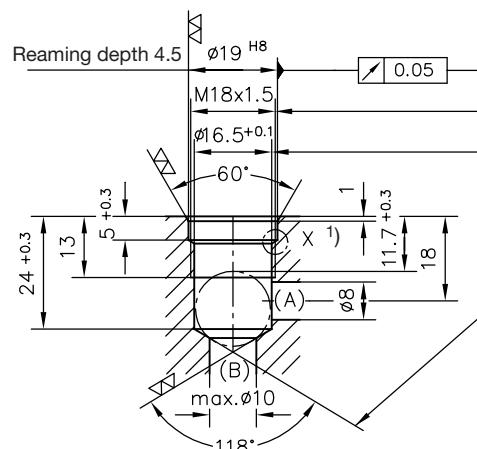
Mounting hole:



**Type EM 2. V, EM 2. S
EMP 21 VG, EMP 21 SG
EMP 21 V., EMP 21 S..**

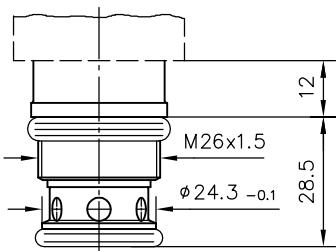


Mounting hole:

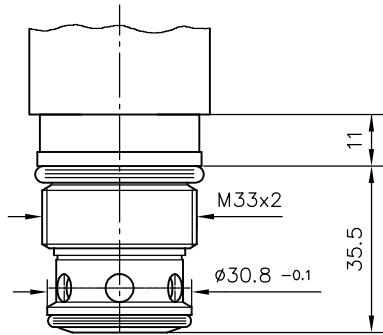


¹⁾ Detail "X" see page 14

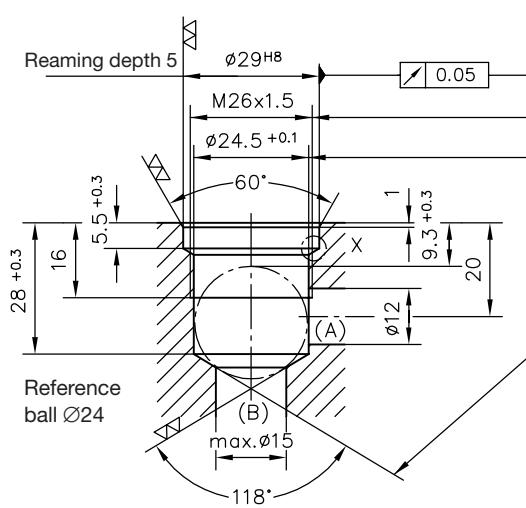
Type EM 3. V, EM 3. S
EMP 31 VG, EMP 31 SG
EMP 31 V., EMP 31 S..



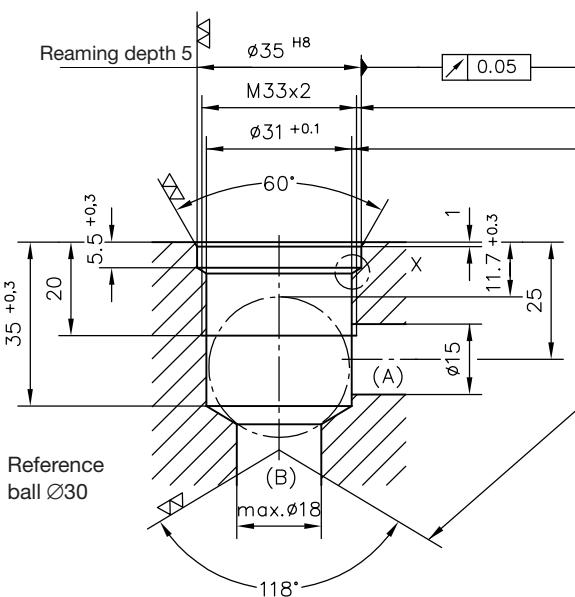
Type EM 4. V, EM 4. S
EMP 41 V..



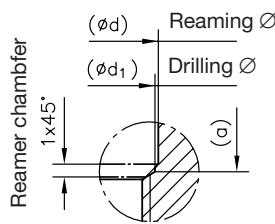
Mounting hole:



Mounting hole:



Detail X M 2:1

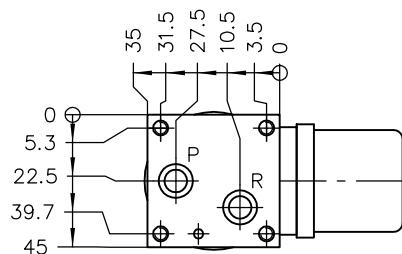


Type	$\varnothing d^{H8}$	$\varnothing d_1$	$a^{+0.3}$
EM 11(12)	15	14.75	5
EM(P) 21(22)	19	18.75	5
EM(P) 31(32)	29	28.75	5.5
EM(P) 41(42)	35	34.75	5.5

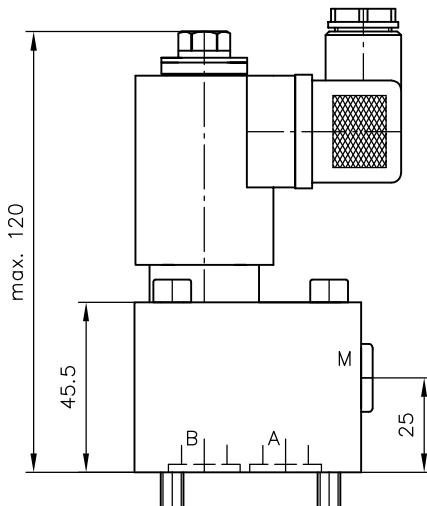
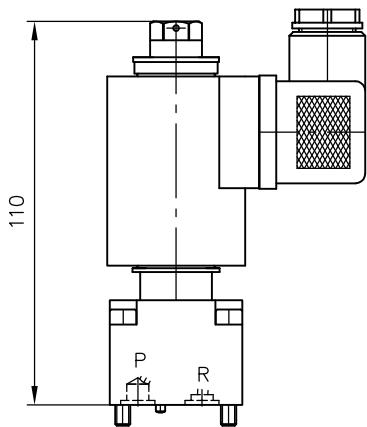
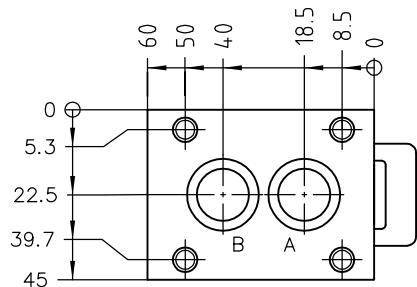
Attention:

The angularity of the 118° chamfer of the stepped bore are tolerated with reference to the reamed core diameter $\varnothing d^{H8}$ (reaming depth). The stated tolerance must be observed. Also see section 5.1!

Type EM 21 D - P
EM 21 DS - P

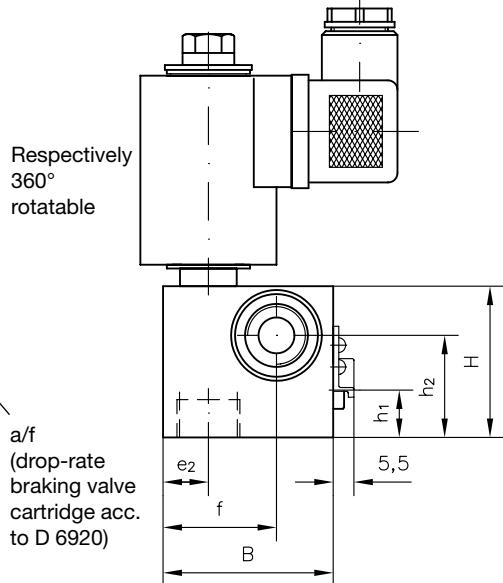
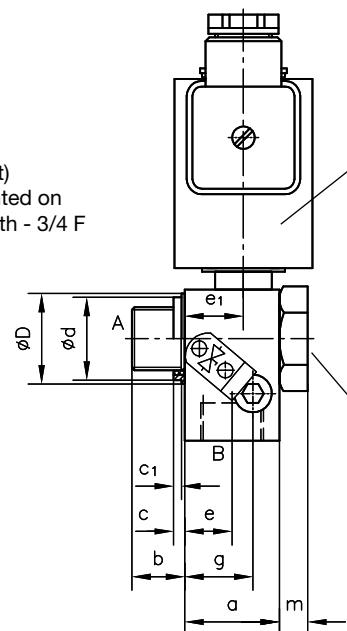
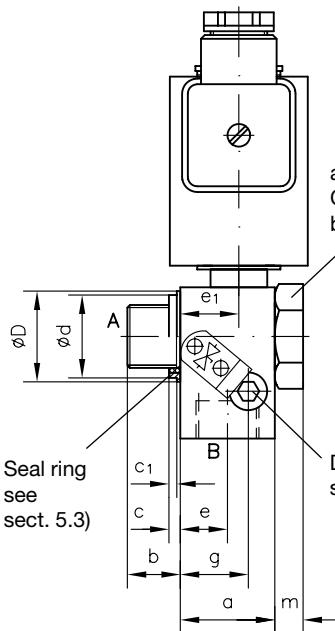


Type EM 3. - P
EMP 3. - P



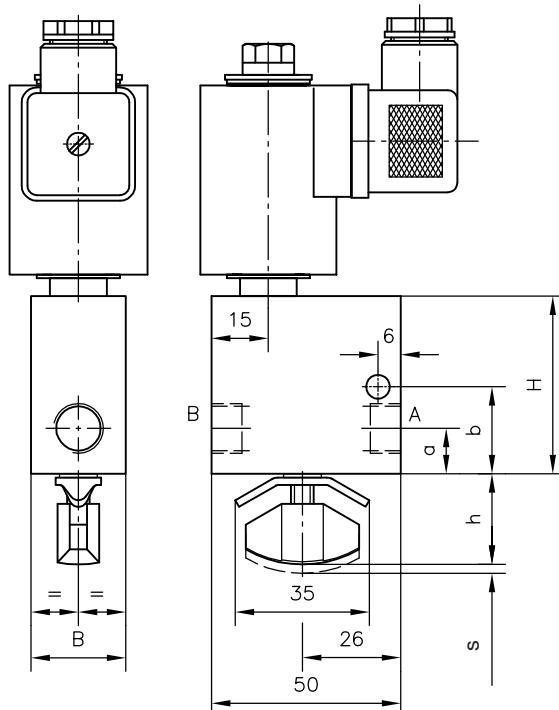
Type EM 1. - F
EM 2. - F
EM 3. - F
EMP 2. - F
EMP 3. - F

Type EM 1. - .F - SB 1. H
EM 2. - .F - SB 2. H
EMP 2. - .F - SB 2. H

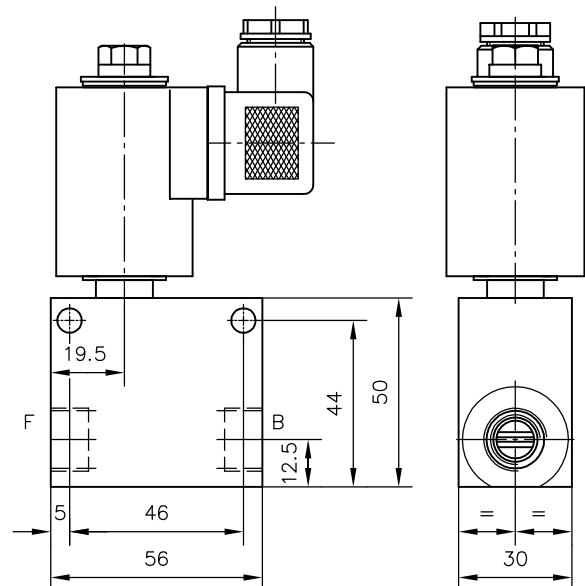


Type	Ports ISO 228/1 (BSPP)															Mass (weight) approx. (kg)			
	A	B	B	H	D	a	b	c	c1	d	e	e1	e2	f	h1	h2	g	m	SW
EM 1.. - 3/8 F																	7.5	1.0	
EM 1.. - 3/8 F - SB1..	G 3/8 A	G 3/8	45	40	24	25	15	3	2.1	21.9	12.5	15.5	12	30	12.5	27	18	11	24
EM 1.. - 16 F	M16x1.5	G 3/8	45	40	24	25	15	3	2.1	21.9	12.5	15.5	12	30	12.5	27	18	7.5	24
EM(P) 2.. - 1/2 F																		9.5	1.3
EM(P) 2.. - 1/2 F-SB2..	G 1/2 A	G 1/2	52	50	30	30	20.7	4.5	2.6	26.9	15	15	14	35	15	30	22	12.5	30
EM(P) 3.. - 3/4 F	G 3/4 A	G 3/4	70	60	--	40	19.5	5	--	36	20	20	20	50	18	40	20	10	36

Type EM 1.. - 1/4 D
EM 2.. - 3/8 D
EMP 2.. - 3/8 D



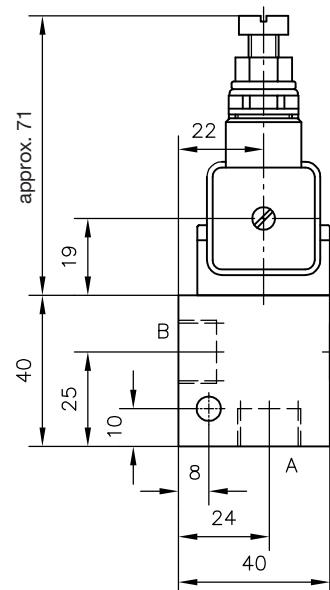
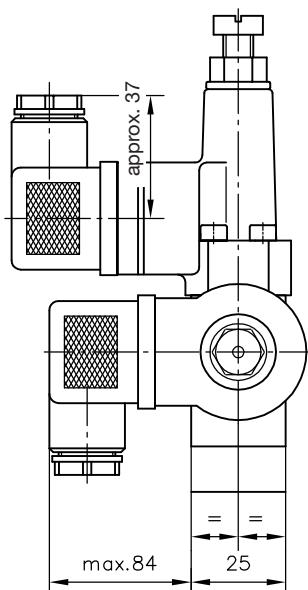
Type EM 2.. - 3/8 - SJ 0..
EMP 2.. - 3/8 - SJ 0..



Mass (weight) =
approx. 0.9 kg

Type	B	H	a	b	h	s	Mass (weight) approx. (kg)
EM 1.. - 1/4 D	25	47	12	23	21.5	2	0.7
EM 2.. - 3/8 D	55	62	13.5	34	27	3	0.9
EMP 2.. - 3/8 D							

Type EM 1.. - 3/8 DG

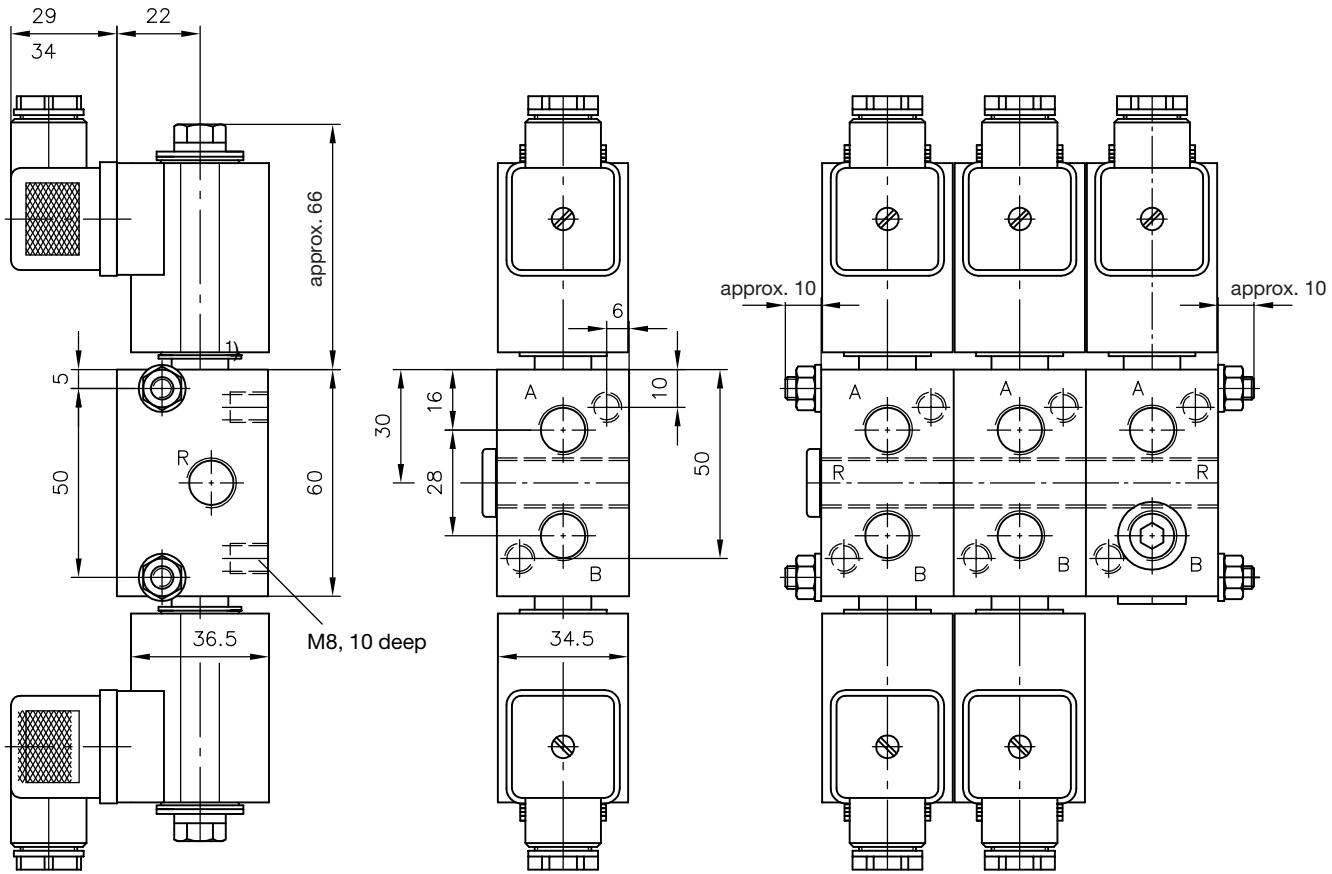


Plug may be installed
rotated by 4 x 90°

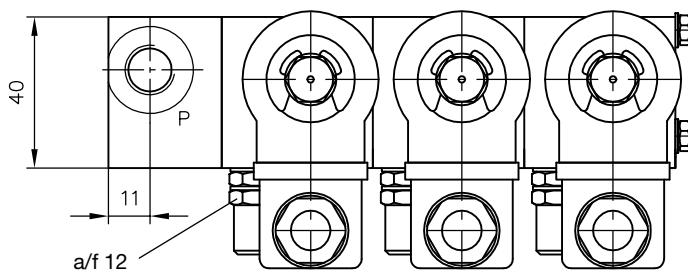
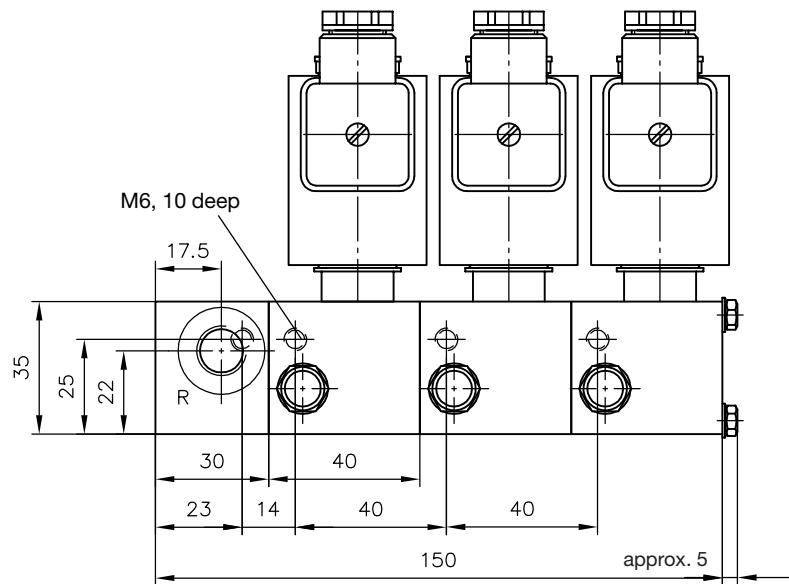
Mass (weight) =
approx. 0.9 kg

4.4 Valve combination

Type BEM 11

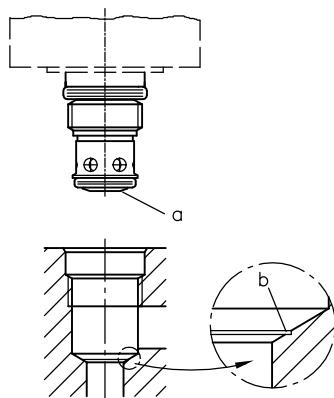


Type BEMD 21



5. Appendix

5.1 Notes for initial operation



The angularity of the 118° chamfer of the stepped bore tolerance is in reference to the reamed core diameter $\varnothing d^{H8}$ (reaming depth). The stated tolerance must be observed. Also see section 4.2!

This enables a max. edge force on the facial area of the tapped journal when the valve is screwed in with the correct torque and it also prevents distortion of functional valve parts which might cause malfunction (sticking).

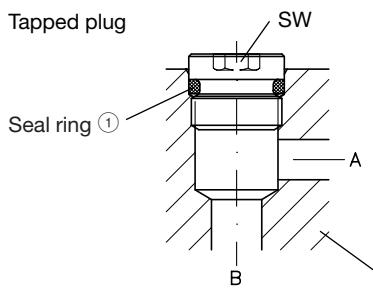
The correct angular orientation may be checked when the valve is installed the first time and can be remachined in case of minor deviation.

1. Screw in the valve and tighten steadily with the correct torque (see sect. 4.1).
 2. Remove the valve again and check whether the journal of the valve a has produced an annular impact b at the chamfer of the stepped bore. When this impact is even everything is correct and the valve can be reinstalled as described above.
 3. When the annular impact is not evenly distributed over its length or not complete the valve should be reinstalled but with up to 120 % of the specified torque (see sect. 2.3.1). Remove the valve and check the annular impact again whether it is correct now (see above); It will be so in most cases and the valve can be reinstalled with the torque specified in sect. 2.
- If it is still not correct after above procedure it will be necessary to remachine the bore.

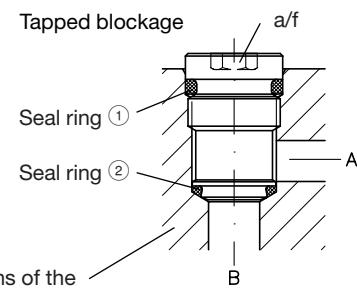
5.2 Tapped plugs

Mounting holes in the manifold may be blocked if required by tapped plugs e.g. if uniform manufactured manifolds should be equipped with or without cartridge valves depending on application.

Passage open



Passage blocked



Dimensions of the
mounting holes acc.
to sect. 2.3.2 !

Type K	Tapped plug 1)	Tapped blockage 1)	a/f	Torque (Nm)	Seal ring ① AU 90 Sh	Seal ring ② HNBR 90 Sh
EM 1... V(S)	7490 105 b	7490 105 a	6	30	10.3x2.4	7.65x1.78
EM 11 D(DS)	7490 105 b	7490 105 c	6	30	10.3x2.4	7.65x1.78
EM(P) 2... V(S)	7491 105 b	7491 105 a	8	30	14.03x2.61	12.42x1.78
EM 21 D(DS)	7492 170	7902 315 a	8	30	14.03x2.61	12.42x1.78
EM(P) 3...	7590 105 b	7590 105 a	12	40	21x3.53	18.72x2.62
EM(P) 4...	7904 019	7904 018	14	60	28.17x3.53	25.07x2.62

1) Complete with seal ring

